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VOL. XXI. No. 10

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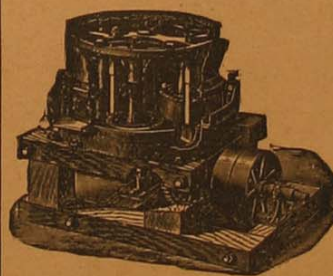
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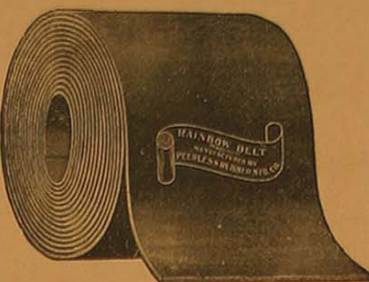
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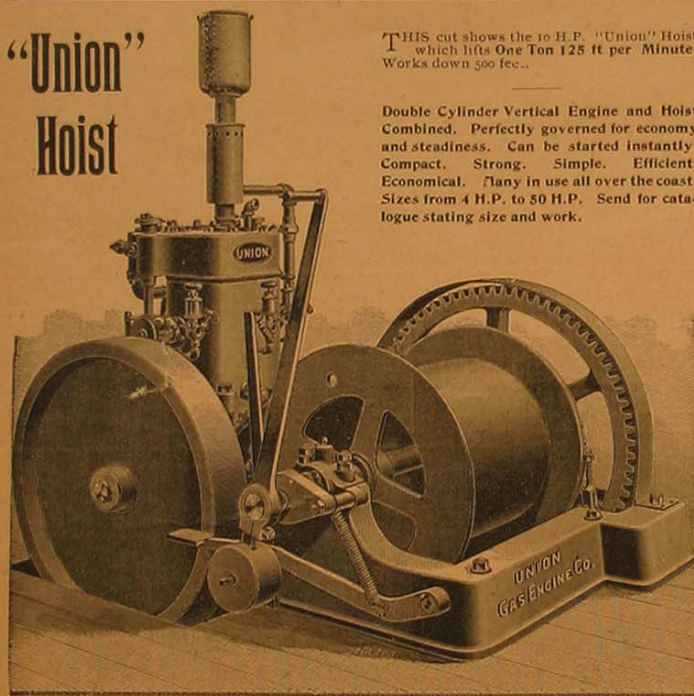
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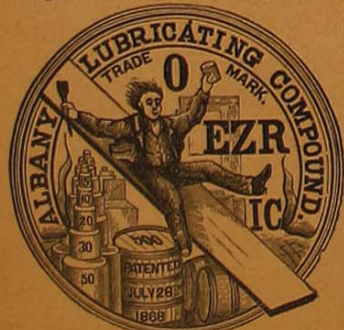
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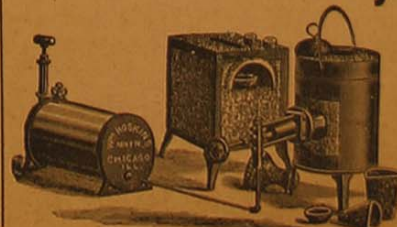


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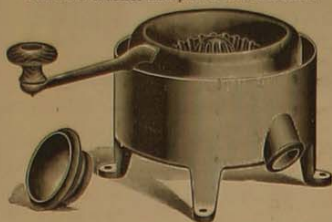
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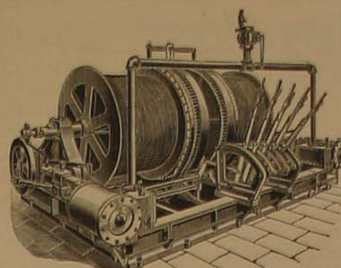
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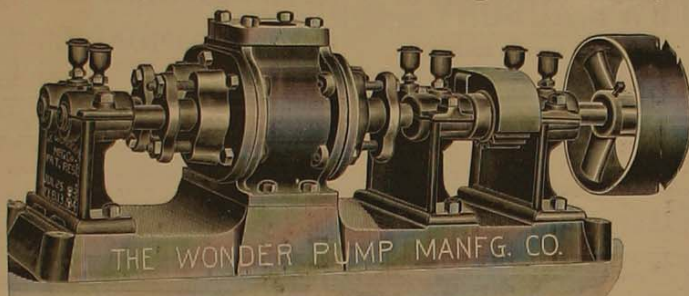
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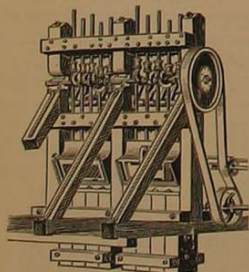
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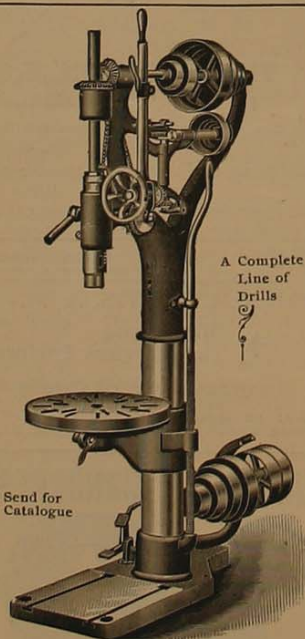
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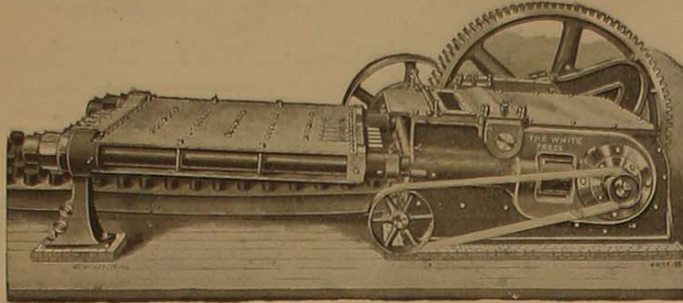
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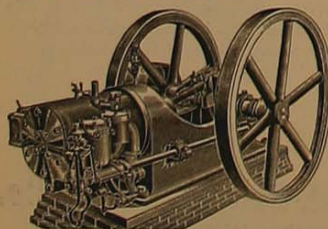
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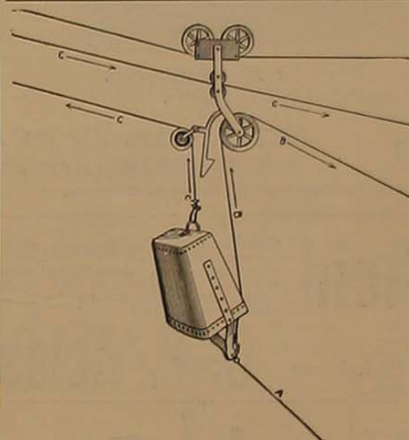
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PATENT PROCESSES

CALIFORNIA AND COLORADO.

California and Colorado are the two oldest and most extensive mining States in the west, and consequently ought to set the example and be models in methods of working for other sections. Colorado in recent years is making rapid strides to accomplish that end. At the last session of its Legislature an amended mining law was approved and will take effect on the 9th inst. The California Legislature attempted to pass a bill at its last session regulating mining and appointing an inspector of mines, but the bill did not become a law on account of not receiving the signature of the State Governor. The extent and importance of the industry in both States renders mining regulations and inspection under the officials of the State Mining Bureaus a matter of necessity for the welfare of the industry and of the interests of those employed and operating mines. As the minerals of a State are the inheritance of the people in present and future times, wise rules and regulations must be enacted and enforced. The area or extent and value of the agricultural land in a State can be increased by reclaiming land from the sea and rivers and in bringing water to the desert sections, but the extent of the mineral resources of a State cannot be increased, hence the necessity for making all minerals the property of the people and regulating their manner of working, so as to receive the most benefit in present and future years, and encourage deep mining. The increasing commerce of the western States with the east and the Orient demands that the neglect of the mineral interests of the State of California by those in office shall cease. The large increase in exports of metallic products has given a value to some western minerals which they did not formerly possess, and gives opportunity for establishing manufacturing industries in the west. The careful perusal of the new Colorado mining law can be undertaken with instruction and profit by the lawmakers of California who in former years have made rules but furnished no means of enforcing them or inspection to see that they were in operation. In

this respect the full benefit of the State Mining Bureau has not been made available to the industry as it has in Colorado and Montana, and will be more so in the former State under the new mining law.

DRINKING WATER FOR MINERS.

As the warm season of the year has arrived in the mining sections of the southwest, it is the duty of the manager or owner at all mines to see that a supply of pure drinking water is obtainable for surface and underground use by the employees. At too many mines no attention is paid to the drinking water, and as a result the vile compound called by that name is not fit for human consumption. The use of filters is of benefit in such cases where it is liable to contain organic impurities, as they cost little and can be kept efficient and clean by changing the material used as filtering agent. Boiled or condensed water is better than that which is impure, but has a flat, unrefreshing taste to which many object. In the desert districts a miner at work will consume two gallons of water per day in the hot season, so it is of importance to have the supply as pure as it is possible to obtain it, for if otherwise the danger to health is sure to make its damaging effect felt. The healthy condition of the employees of a mine has a wonderful effect upon the amount of work they can perform, so it is to the interest of the owner or manager to see that the hygienic influences of good air and pure drinking water are the best that can be obtained.

OPENING A MINE.

When the shaft of the mine is sunk on the vein or deposit in the early stages of the development, the error is of too common occurrence to find that the ore on the sides of the shaft has been stoped out, because it was easy of access and conveniently mined at small cost. This is generally the prospector's first error, as the desire for ore is in excess of the means at hand of acquiring it at greater depth, and on that account prospect shafts are seldom suitable for the main working shaft of the mine. When a shaft cuts or passes through an ore chute on the vein when the mine has passed the prospect stage, the temptation is presented to extract the rich ore on the sides of the shaft. If there are no mining regulations in the district or no mine inspector to enforce them, or to prohibit such manner of working, these errors are sure to happen. The shaft of a mine whether on or off the vein is the entrance to the workings and should be used for that purpose alone and not for the object of stoping ore from its sides, which operation renders it unsafe and more liable to falls of roof or wall rock, which are liable at any time to block the entrance. If it is sunk on the vein, a suitable amount of ore, say ten to twenty-five feet, depending on the strength of the ground, should be left on each side of the shaft before any stoping of ore is permitted. It is also a wise provision to leave the first fifty or more feet in depth from the surface which forms the back of the vein as a support to the loose surface wall rocks and that constitutes the roof of the mine and protects the workings from summer heat and winter rain. The neglect of making this provision has made future working more expensive and ruined many mines, by admitting surface water and falls of rock into the mine. The amount of ore left in the first fifty or more feet on the back of the vein and in the ore

reserved in the ten to twenty feet on each side of the shaft is not lost, for if the mine in future becomes exhausted in depth, these ore reserves always remain in sight as an asset which is available and can be extracted before the workings are abandoned, and it is the wisest plan to leave such parts to the last operation of the mine instead of the first stages of development, as is too often the case.

STRIFE FOR GOLD.

In ornamental work and in more useful ways, the consumption of gold in arts and manufactures is immense. Less than one-half of the current production for many years has been reserved for the mints. As it is given a money function superior to that conferred on any other material makes it more potential than any other commodity. In the monetary world it enjoys an unrivalled monopoly. All the great civilized nations are struggling for its possession with as much energy as in achieving territorial aggrandizement.

The present age is more intensely commercial than any of its predecessors, and as with the preponderating nations, gold is the ultimate measure of value, its control has become of vital importance. There may be wars for conquest, for national independence and to correct internal abuses, but they are much more likely to grow directly or indirectly out of commercial rivalries. This is understood, and whether there shall be conflict of arms growing out of such rivalries or not, there will be contests for commercial advantages, and with the power which gold possesses, the nation which has the most will hold the best strategic positions, hence it is being acquired and held as a kind of war store or material.

The four greatest nations of Europe have government banks, which are depositories of gold, and which control the government finances. Russia has by far the largest gold reserve, next France, then Germany and, lastly, Great Britain. The United States has no national bank which has any voice in its fiscal operations, and its gold reserve is held in the treasury department. In that department at the present time the gold reserve is greater than in the bank of England or of Germany, but is about \$150,000,000 less than in the bank of France, and not one-half as much as in the bank of Russia. The gold reserve in the United States treasury was nearly all acquired by the sale of bonds.

The struggle for gold at the present time is acute. The bank of England is buying gold in the United States to strengthen its reserve, not of the government but of private parties and institutions. The greatest rivalry is between Russia and Great Britain. The gold held by the banks of the four European nations named constitutes one third of the gold money of the world.

It has not always been easy for the bank of England to maintain gold payments for the government, nor to meet its own gold obligations, although for more than eighty years it has been compelled by law to purchase all the gold offered at a fixed price, which has not been required of any other European institution. This was intended to give it an advantage, and it has so proved. In addition to this, the British government long since adopted the policy of securing control of countries which produce gold, in order to gain advantage over commercial rivals. The outputs in Australia, Africa, British Columbia and some other countries

go into her coffers. This policy has been coincident with her efforts for trade with countries which consume her productions.

With her vast manufacturing industries and merchant marine, Great Britain has almost invariably been able to secure to herself favorable balances of trade, which has added immensely to her gold resources, and but for the fact that her citizens invest heavily in enterprises of other countries, she would today be in possession of perhaps more gold than all other nations. But as it is, Russia is richer in gold than Great Britain is.

Gold production in the United States is the largest in the world, and for the past three years trade balances have been heavily in her favor, but the United States is not in a position to very largely increase her gold holding. The government and people and corporations are debtors to foreign peoples, and consequently large sums are required to pay interest.

Americans spend more in travel and sojournment abroad than foreigners spend in this country. Another immense source of impoverishment is in the fact that foreigners do much the larger part of our transportation on the seas, which is estimated to be from \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 annually.

Should balances of trade be adverse to us for two or three years, even in small amounts, so far as gold resources are concerned, we would become greatly impoverished, if not practically bankrupt.

Aspiring as this country is to eminence in international trade, there must be changes in her business arrangements. First of all, provision must be made for doing our own transportation in foreign commerce, or as much for foreign people as they do for us. Another thing is to carry on American enterprises with American capital, so that all profits will be retained at home.

Without the avoidance of outgoes, such as these and some others, the United States will be outstripped in the contest for control of gold. It is not necessary that gold, or its representative, paper money, should be relied on to supply the means for conducting our own enterprises. What we use at home is not a matter that foreigners have a right to inquire into, as they are not interested.

If the gold measure must prevail in international transactions, our policy is to avoid expending abroad for what we can do for ourselves, and to so develop exports that trade balances will not be adverse to us.

PARSON-RICHARDSON MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

The above is the title of a communication which we have received from a prominent mining man of Los Angeles, Cal., but lack of space prevents us from giving it the publicity it deserves.

The letter treats upon the organization of an independent miners' association for "this southwestern region," (?) and the subject is spoken of from the standpoint of a miner, not the parasite which is disposed to make a living off the back of the mining industry of Southern California.

The article we reprint in another portion of this issue, taken from the San Francisco *Call*, is illustrative of the position taken by the Northern California people, as well as most all fair minded people of Southern California, except those who had an ax of their own to grind and failed to have it ground. Misrepresentation of facts and misquotation of opinion have served to create some attention, which would not have been accomplished otherwise.

QUICK TESTING OF LEAD-TIN AND LEAD-ANTIMONY ALLOYS.*

(BY JOSEPH RICHARDS.)

While great strides have been made in analytical chemistry, yet there is in the direction of quick work a field for the chemist that needs urgent attention, and as far as he has been able to meet this demand the metallurgist is benefitted by the progress made and the results attained. I allude to methods of quick determinations, approximately true and sufficiently so for the purpose required.

My own experience for the past thirty years has been confined almost exclusively to the working of the white metals, such as lead, tin, antimony, aluminum and zinc. It is well known that the bulk of the lead ores are contaminated with antimony, and in the refining of lead, the antimony when at a dull red heat is rapidly oxidized and floats on the top of the molten mass as scum, carrying particles of lead with it. This is removed as fast as formed, and in the course of ten to forty-eight hours all the antimony is eliminated.

It is very desirable in this process that the workman should know how he is progressing in his work; and in order to meet this demand I have made a series of tests of the relative weights of standard alloys of antimony and lead, from pure lead up to 24 per cent. antimony. At this point the lead is saturated, and if more than that quantity of antimony is present it will float on top of the molten mass; so that a standard alloy of 24 per cent. of antimony is the highest that can be tested by my apparatus. I made castings of these alloys in a mold, took the average weight of 10 of each grade, and the machine was marked to exactly balance at the line or weight given by the average test. This I continued from pure lead up to 24 per cent. antimony; thus a quick and reliable means is at hand, so that all the workman has to do is to carefully cast his bullet, place it on the balance, and it shows him at once the amount of antimony in the mixture. The following difficulty here arose: while antimony is lighter than lead, if a small amount of antimony is present (less than 2 per cent.), instead of making the bullet lighter, it is heavier than pure lead, and it is not until over 2 per cent. is present that its weight becomes less than that of lead. This difficulty I overcame by discovering that the physical properties of

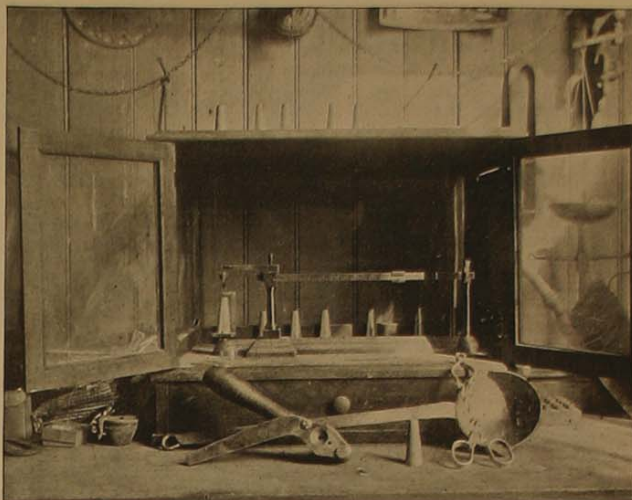
these alloys is such that if a small button is poured on a flat plate and allowed to cool, the surface is not at all like lead, but of a fine white crystalline appearance. So I have supplemented my test machine with a set of buttons of a known composition from 2 per cent. down to zero, changing composition by 1-10th per cent. in each button. I made the first button 2 per cent., the next 19-10ths and so on down to pure lead.

Thus the operator can go on with his work until there is a perfectly lustrous surface, free from frost, and at this point the lead will be 998 fine or over. The practical value of these tests is shown by the fact that since I made the first machine for the National Lead Company their order has been duplicated six times.

Another method of quick testing was needed for the alloys of lead and tin. When I commenced this business the only way I could find out the percentage of tin in solder, solder-joints, pewter and such like metals, of which we were buying hundreds of tons each year, was by chemical analysis, and I found this took several hours and required great care and much practice to get accurate results. The use of the specific gravity test was suggested to the writer by an old member of the Institute, Mr. G. H. Perkins, but the means employed were crude and unsatisfactory. So I again commenced with pure lead as a standard, taking 99 of lead to one of tin, and so on until I got up to pure tin. I made over 2,000 tests, confirmed them by analyses of the metals used, and so made a set of standard weights, from which standards the scale now before you was marked; each mark being the average of about twenty tests and is correct to the tenth part of 1 per cent. I may here remark that the weight of these alloy bullets is, for some physical reason, different from the calculated specific gravities of the alloys, some being heavier and some

lighter than the calculated weights. The machine before you has a graded beam, and the moulds are all made to an exact standard and are all interchangeable. If a firm loses or breaks a part of the machine, it can be easily replaced or a new mould procured. So that now, when we melt alloys of tin and lead, we do not even have to depend on accurate weighing of the metals to be melted, but test each pot and can check any error that the workman might have made in his weighing.

So accurate is this test that a difference of a quarter of 1 per cent. is easily detected, and my experience in my own



BALANCES FOR TESTING TIN-LEAD ALLOYS.

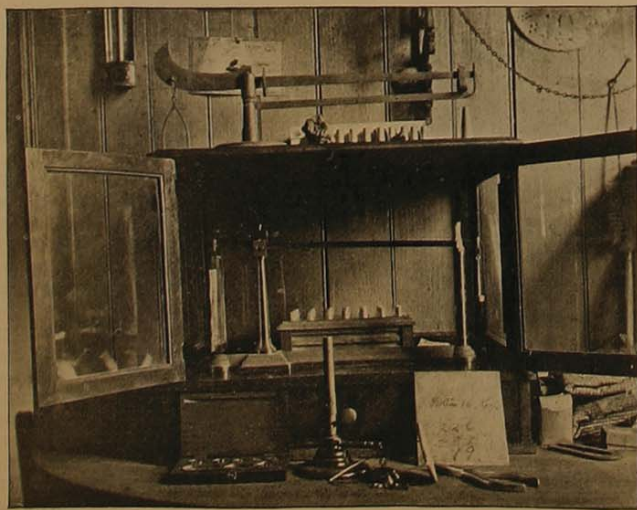
laboratory and with samples sent to a couple of good chemists, is that I would every time prefer my test for practical purposes to that of the ordinary chemical laboratory.

When we consider that many thousands of tons, roughly estimated at 75,000 of solder alone, are used in the arts every year, one may easily perceive how valuable a factor to the trade such a machine as this becomes, and it has been so recognized, for at this time at least nine-tenths of all the smelting and refining works in the United States are using my machine. Also in the new industry of manufacturing roofing plates with tin and lead alloy coating, called terne plates, I find that I have supplied three-fourths of the plants with these machines; so that they may test and keep regular the percentage of tin and lead in their bath. Many large purchasers of solder find such a testing machine indispensable to protect themselves from lower grade metals than they pay for. This simple, accurate and altogether satisfactory method of testing is therefore now in common use.

In my machine for testing roofing plates, the beam is so adjusted that if a piece of the sample plate exactly cut to template size and then weighed on the scale, gives the weight of a box of 20x28 plates in pounds. For instance, if the plate cut shows a weight of 220 pounds, that is the weight a box of plate would be with the coating on it. This piece of plate is then heated over a Bunsen burner till the coating melts, then wiped clean, heated again and wiped till no more metal is on the surface. When the surface is blue all over, showing that all the coating is removed, weigh it again. If it now weighs 200 pounds this will be the weight of the black plate per box and the difference between the two weighings is the weight of the coating in pounds.

Albany Grease.

Engineers in charge of fast running machinery recognize that the matter of expense for repair is a troublesome one and that a strictly pure lubricant is essential to keep the machinery in order. Those who have tried the Original Albany Grease manufactured by Adam Cook's Sons, 313 West street, New York, report splendid results in lubrication with a saving in repairs impossible where oil or mineral greases were formerly employed. Send for Circular.



MACHINE FOR TESTING TIN PLATE.

*Journal of the Franklin Institute.

PHILADELPHIA EXPOSITION.

The National Export Exposition, to be held in Philadelphia from September 14th to November 30th, 1899, is being rapidly put in tangible shape for business. No exposition that has ever been held in the United States has been able to show three and one-half months in advance of its opening day such gratifying prospects of success as this one.

One of the most important acts of the executive officers in their recent meeting was the appointment of a committee to deal with matters pertaining to the great International Commercial Congress which is to be held in connection with the Exposition.

The committee named is as follows: Hon. G. F. Edmunds, chairman, formerly U. S. Senator from Pennsylvania; former Mayor of Philadelphia Chas. F. Warwick; Wm. L. Elkins, Justus C. Strawbridge, Daniel Baugh, Calvin Wells and Mrs. Sarah V. Stevenson.

Dr. William P. Wilson, Director General of the Exposition, submitted a most important report, to the Board of Directors, giving all the necessary data with reference to the work that had already been accomplished by himself and subordinates, as well as what the management propose doing in the immediate future toward furthering the success of the project.

It is only in recent years that America has paid any attention to the export trade, and now the eyes of the large manufacturers are looking abroad for markets they never dreamed of before.

America leads in labor-saving machinery, and so can turn out nine-tenths of the common articles of commerce cheaper than can the other manufacturing countries of the world. Germany has studied the tastes and prejudices of buyers, savage or civilized, in every market of the world, studied them with the care that a scientist spends upon a new plant. And when Germany finally determined just what shape and quality of shoe or knife or hat was wanted, America has stepped in and made the article more cheaply than even Germany, with its cheap labor, could produce it.

America has proven her ability to do this almost every time, but in spite of this there are many markets to which American exports could be doubled, if the man who retailed the knife or shoe or hat

were but shown the samples and prices side by side. But, remarkable to say, there have been, until recently, manufacturers whose plants were fitted for such work, but who, with an exaggerated idea of the difficulties and dangers of trying for foreign trade, would not realize the golden possibilities of export. The phenomenal growth of our foreign trade in the last few years, and especially in 1898, when we took our place as the leading export

nation in the world, have roused some manufacturers in every branch of trade to the fact that the whole globe is a possible market for their wares.

But manufacturers who make goods for the home market alone generally take the stand, when discussing foreign markets, that they are not interested in export trade. In this they are in error. The export market is of vital importance to every manufacturer in the

United States.

It is of special interest to manufacturers who do not export, because a good foreign market in other lines than those which they make, and for which there may not be a demand abroad, relieves congestion in the general home market.

Many instances might be cited to illustrate this point, but the thoughtful manufacture of products which are only sold in the United States will comprehend the importance

of foreign trade in this relation. Though his interest may not be direct, he should give every encouragement to the development of foreign markets, because through the relief which they give to home trade by absorbing surplus production he is deriving untold benefits.

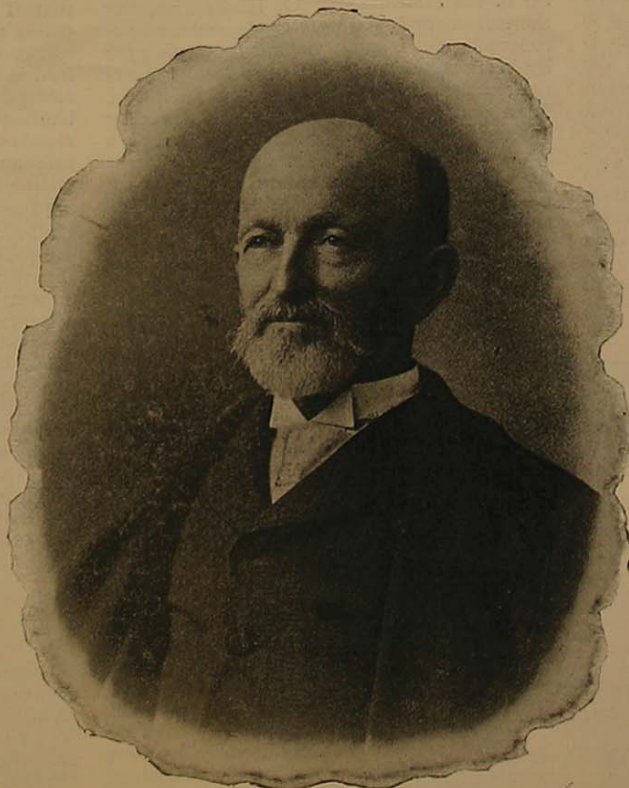
MAIN BUILDINGS.

The main building of the National Export Exposition will be imposing and beautiful. With three permanent pavilions, constructed of brick and steel, two stories in height, and a main exhibition hall nearly 300x400 feet in size, there will be an area of floor space in these buildings aggregating twelve and one-half acres.

The north pavilion is the one showing to the left of the picture. The main entrance opens to a lobby 60x90 feet, beyond which, and in the center of the temporary structure, lying between this and the central pavilion, will be the auditorium, 200 feet long and 140 feet wide, with a seating capacity of 5,000. Toward each end of the main facade will be smaller entrances, each of them flanked by pedestals, on which will be symbolic groups of statuary representing various industries. The pediments over the various entrances of all the buildings will contain heroic figures, symbolizing various aspects of manufacture and commerce. Opposite a smaller entrance in the northern permanent pavilion will be exhibition spaces and beyond arches leading into arcades for exhibits, each of which will be alongside the auditorium, each of



MAIN BUILDING, NATIONAL EXPORT EXPOSITION, SEPT. 14 TO NOV. 30, 1899.
Length, 1,000 feet; width, 400 feet; area of floor space, 12 acres.



CHARLES HENRY CRAMP,
President Philadelphia Museums and a Member of the Board of
Directors of the National Export
Exposition.

which will be 300 feet long and 80 feet wide. The stage and platform of the auditorium will take up about 100 feet of the 300 feet of space between the northern and center pavilions. The dimensions of each of the permanent pavilions will be 90x380 feet. Each will be two stories high, the second floor of the northern pavilion to be devoted to the offices of the administration and other departments of the exposition; the second floors of the other pavilions will be given up to exhibits. The dimensions of this main group of buildings are about 1,000x400 feet.

The portraits of the leaders of the National Export Exposition given herewith are excellent likenesses of those prominent gentlemen who are so well known as to need no special mention here, so the following will suffice.

been carried out, and the result has been very helpful to the commercial interests of this country.

The National Export Exposition, of which he is the director-general, will be under the auspices of the Commercial Museum and Franklin Institute, and it will do more to expand and extend the trade of this country than any other exposition ever held.

PETER A. B. WIDENER.

In 1874 he was appointed to serve out the unexpired term of Joseph Marcer as City Treasurer, and the following year was elected for a full term.

When he retired from the office he turned his attention to the development of street railroads. In 1875 he was among those who

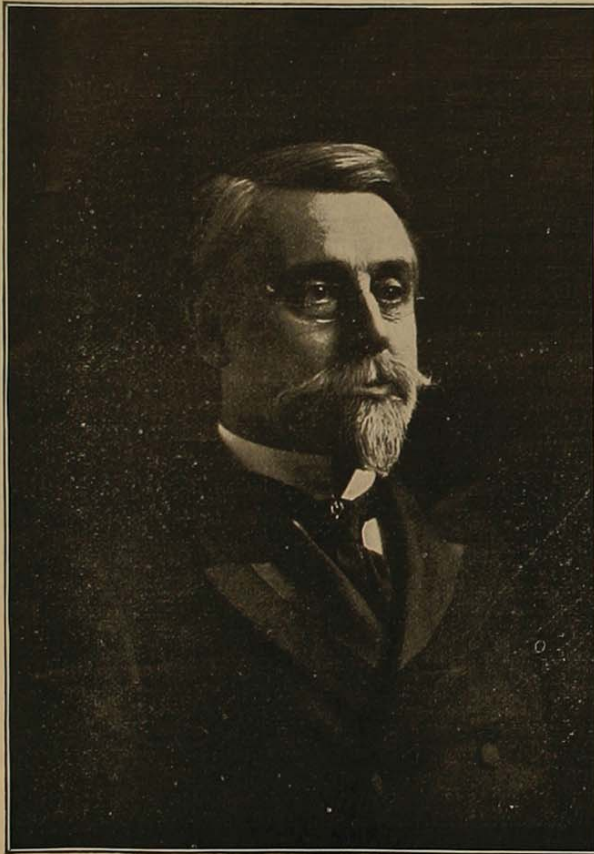
sioners of Fairmont Park, and is prominently identified with a number of other important enterprises in Philadelphia and elsewhere.

CHARLES H. CRAMP.

To succeed the late Dr. William Pepper as president of the Philadelphia Museums, the Board of Trustees chose Charles H. Cramp.

The name of Cramp has since 1830 been prominently identified with modern progress in the art of ship-building. In that year, William Cramp, the father of Charles Henry Cramp, founded on the Delaware River, in the northeastern section of Philadelphia, the plant that has since become one of the greatest ship-building concerns in the world.

Charles Henry Cramp became the head of this vast and celebrated industrial enterprise



DR. WM. P. WILSON,
Director-General National Export Exposition.

DR. WILLIAM P. WILSON.

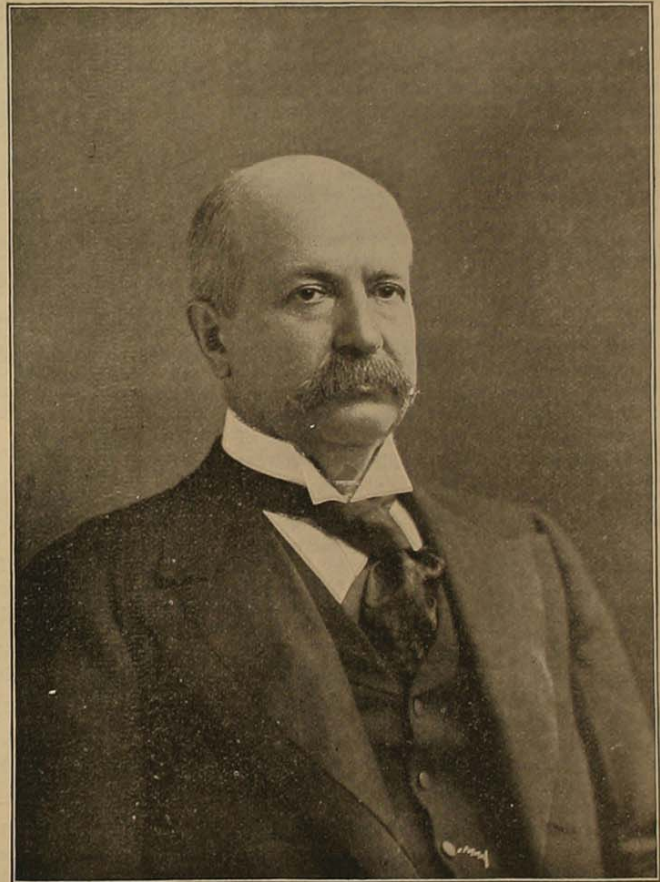
Dr. Wm. P. Wilson, director of the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, and director-general of the National Export Exposition, to be held in Philadelphia next fall, is a man of unusual intelligence and of marked executive ability.

In the year 1893 he conceived the idea of founding a commercial museum, using as a nucleus the raw products exhibited by different nations at the Chicago World's Fair. He secured authority from the city of Philadelphia, and succeeded in having donated for the proposed museum the large collections of natural products exhibited by nearly every country, and especially the Spanish-American countries. Since that time his plans for the successful organization of the museum have

secured the controlling interest in the most important system in Philadelphia—the Philadelphia Traction Company, which is now a leading feature of the city's present extensive and comprehensive electric traction system.

While Mr. Widener has been most assertively identified with this company, he is also a dominating factor in others of like nature in New York, Chicago, Baltimore and Pittsburg. He and those directly interested with him have the control and direction of more lines of street railway than any other syndicate in this country.

Besides being president of the Exposition Association and a member of the Board of Trustees of the Philadelphia Museums, Peter A. B. Widener is an active director in many street car corporations, one of the commis-



P. A. B. WIDENER,
President National Export Exposition.

after the decease of his father in July, 1879, and which in 1872 had been incorporated under the title of The William Cramp & Sons' Ship and Engine Building Co.

As a director of the Exposition Association to Mr. Cramp is due much of the present advanced development of the project and the certainty of its success, as well as the success of the Philadelphia Museums, with which he has been actively identified since the organization. He has for years been a manager of the Franklin Institute, a member of Port Wardens, and a director of the Union League.

He has always been notable for the zealous interest he takes in forwarding projects for increasing the commercial prominence of the city of Philadelphia and the country in general.

CORRESPONDENCE

ARIZONA.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

CHLORIDE, ARIZ., June 24.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—A fine discovery of gold, silver and copper ore has been made on the Redemption mine belonging to Robt. J. Ferguson, Sons & Co. The location is two miles east of town on the west side of the Cerbat range, and is contiguous to the Tennessee, Schuykill, Elkhart and other big paying mines of the camp. The discovery was made two weeks ago while doing development work in a drift where former assessments had been performed, and was a great surprise to the owners and others who visited the work. There is much black metal in the ore body, which is over three feet wide, and native copper is visible in much of it. With this two ounces of gold is the result of the latest assay which has improved from the beginning. The percentage of lead has not been tested, but it is thought that it carries not more than two per cent. Taking out, assorting and sacking ore is going on quite vigorously for a shipment, which will be made in a very few days. A part of the shipment will be consigned to the Arizona sampler at Kingman for treatment, and another lot will go on to Pueblo, Colorado. The discovery and extent of the ore body has attracted widespread attention.

As this is the dry season of the year, none of the concentrators at the big producing mines are running on much over half time, and, in consequence, there is a great deal of ore accumulating on the dumps. Much of this ore, however, will be shipped in its raw state if rains do not come soon.

The Merrimac mine has a vast amount of very rich ore on the dumps, and the big ore bodies in the lower workings are increasing the supply very fast.

The Tennessee mine continues in a large body of very rich ore, and some of the finest ore ever hoisted out of a mine in Mohave county is now being taken out. The shaft is down something over 300 feet, and one-third of this distance has been through a solid body of ore. Stopping back is soon to commence. In the body of ore are considerable quantities of both native and ruby silver, giving to the whole an average value of a little more than 100 ounces silver to the ton.

In Weaver district, which is situated twelve miles west of here, and which is exclusively gold, much activity and work is going on. On the Virginia mine there is a large quantity of free-milling gold ore on the dump, which is being sacked for a large shipment. Work in this district began in good earnest only about three months ago, but now besides the Virginia, the Ramrod has been developed and is producing almost as much. Three other claims in the district are also being developed with every indication that they will come in as big producing mines at no distant day.

Stockton Hill district is again producing some good ore, after a lapse of several years' abandonment. But this spring some of the owners of these old paying properties returned to do their regular annual assessments, but continued and did some development work in new places which brought to light some new and very rich bodies of ore, hence the present activity in the old camp.

The new railroad from near Kingman is now within a few miles of town, and will ar-

rive here in about two weeks, and the rates on ore shipments from here will be very materially reduced. The old wagon rates were from \$3.50 to \$4 per ton, and there are mine owners here who advance the idea that railroad transportation will amount to less than half these rates.

CALIFORNIA.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

ISABELLA, June 21, 1899.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—Gold mining in a quiet way continues to look upward in this section. The mines heretofore worked will overreach the average this year in point of yield. But it is a new strike to which we are now looking for results unsurpassed by but few mines in this locality.

A month or two ago Vaugh and Crossmin determined sink to a depth of sixty feet on a cropping not well defined, but which had been prospected a little, and located on the ridge between Bodfish and Eshin creeks, about six miles south of this place. At a depth of about fifty-four feet they opened onto a five-foot ledge. One week ago they set four men to work deepening the shaft. Two men were employed packing the rock down the hill, and one four-horse team hauled it to the mill at this place. At the end of four days they cleaned up, having crushed twenty short tons and one thousand pounds. The yield was found to be slightly in excess of four hundred dollars, or twenty dollars per ton. A feature of the development was that the vein seemed to widen with depth, and at one point reached a width of eight feet. This mine is magnetic north from the famed Glenn Olive mine, and in the same zone, though Mr. Vaugh thinks it is not a continuation of that masterly lode, being some three miles away. This week there are six men engaged on the shaft, and it is expected by the end of next week to clean up a thousand dollars, after which tunneling and stoping will commence in earnest.

There is a growing attention being paid to the big contact veins of this section. Much prospecting is being done on the big contact running from Kernville to Havilah; but no one is yet ready to crush ore from the new developments.

The Stringer veins to the west are receiving the usual attention. Respectfully,
STEPHEN BARTON.

Northern California,

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

The aggregate output of Shasta, Trinity and Siskiyou counties for 1898 was \$5,290,642. Shasta county leads any other single county by nearly \$1,500,000, producing in 1898 \$3,510,728, and it is expected these figures will be increased by \$1,500,000 to \$2,000,000 this year.

The principal minerals of Shasta and adjoining counties are gold and copper, which form the most valuable combination of all substances produced in the State.

Opportunities for the investment of capital are offering that cannot be excelled anywhere. Both small and large amounts of capital can be invested with the same assurance of proportionately good returns.

It is now conceded that mining in California is upon a legitimate basis. The days of wild-cat schemes are past. By application of the same business principles, with the exercise and application of economy, the chances of success are greater than in any other branch of business, as mining is not affected

by droughts or floods, or the blighting grasp of trusts and monopolies. This is notably the case in Northern California, where mines can be developed without putting up stamp mills or other expensive plants, as the ores can be shipped to the Mountain Copper Company Smelter at a small cost. They pay 75 per cent of the gold value of all quartz ore from \$3 to \$15, and 77½ per cent of value from \$15 to \$25; then from \$25 up they charge \$3.50 per ton for smelting and give 90 per cent of the gold value. This makes the chances of losing any money very slight, indeed, and by the exercise of care and good judgment in selecting a property, together with small, judicious outlay in development, all chances of loss are turned into assurance of profit.

Evidences of the improvement in quantity and quality of ore is shown on every hand, and it is conceded by the most conservative of mining critics, that ledges in Northern California improve in size and value as depth is attained.

Many rich placer and river dredging claims are available, which, with small expenditure, will yield large returns. With the above facts before us, why go into the wilds of Alaska or the deserts of Lower California, when such good investments are to be had in a civilized and healthy country?

Money can be loaned on developed mines at good rates of interest, and with absolute security.

Redding, a city of 3,500 people, and rapidly growing, is the center of this extensive and valuable mining section. A. G. BOGGS.

UTAH.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

SALT LAKE CITY, June 17, 1899.

EDITOR JOURNAL:—The mining stock market this week just about held its own, there seems to be no great desire to buy or sell. The speculative stocks continue to slump, while the investments shares are actively dealt in at fair prices.

Ajax was again much lower. Bullion-Beck paid its regular dividend on the 15th. The stock was strong. Centennial Eureka was steady. Chloride Point was active at above 80c. The mill is doing excellent work, and the shipment of high-grade ore will begin immediately.

Daly-West made steady gains. The company is mining about 80 tons per day, with a valuation of about \$50 per ton. Dexter was still on the down grade. Dalton & Lark did a fair amount of business. Daisy was lower, selling below 20c.

Eagle and Blue Bell was in the market with a shipment of high grade. Four Aces lost about all of its newly-acquired strength. Geyser-Marion was lower. Grand Central was in demand around \$8.25. Joe Bowers was featureless. Joe Bowers Extension has levied another assessment, one cent per share.

Lower Mammoth sold below 50c. Little Pittsburg was somewhat improved. La Reine was strong around \$1 mark. Important developments have taken place, main ledge encountered at 600 foot point in tunnel, about 8 feet wide showing pockets of ore running 100 ozs. silver, some lead and gold, which indicates a large body of ore near by. There is no question but what they have the main ledge from the Humbug mine and every chance of making as big a producer as any of the rich mines on this main ledge.

Mammoth weakened somewhat. Mercur

was rather freely offered; a dividend will be declared this month. Northern Light was lower; the mill is now in operation. Ontario was weak. Omaha was slightly improved.

Sunshine was lower. Sacramento was active—quotations were about the same as last week. Sunbeam was actively dealt in. Star Consolidated held close to the \$1 mark. Swansea was sold slightly under \$4. South Swansea was in great favor. Silver King recorded its first sale for some time, going at \$42.50.

Tetro has on another assessment, of one cent per share. Valeo was unchanged.

Very respectfully, P. J. CONWAY.

Miscellaneous Mining News.

ALASKA.

On May 4, on Douglas Island, Hon. D. O. Mills, of New York city, turned a screw and the largest stamp mill in the world was started running full blast—60 batteries of five stamps each, with a crushing capacity of four tons to each stamp every 25 hours. The building which contains these 300 Fraser & Chalmers' latest improved stamps is 325 feet in length and 80 feet wide, with a slanting roof 50 feet high at the eaves and 75 feet in the center. When a person enters the stamp mill it is impossible to hear even the loudest yelling, and no human voice can be heard in the din, as there are 50 tons of ore crushed to a pulp in every single hour that this monstrous mill runs, and with but two exceptions—Christmas and Fourth of July—they run the year round. Douglas Island can now boast of 880 stamps, which crush out 3,500 tons of ore every 24 hours. This will average \$4 a ton, which amounts to \$14,080 a day. One-third of this is settled in the concentrates which are taken to Tacoma to the smelter. This leaves \$9,386 a day as the output of the 880 stamps, and \$4,693 as the value of the gold sent daily in concentrates to the smelter. The Alaska Treadwell Company has two claims with 540 stamps, under Superintendent J. P. Corbus; the Alaska Mexican two claims and 120 stamps, and the United 3,700 feet of mining ground and 220 stamps, under Supt. A. M. Robeson.

ARIZONA.

The turquoise mines of Cochise county have been placed under option for sale to New York parties who have examined the property and declare the turquoise to be superior to any stone of its kind in the world, much superior to the best of the turquoise of the Orient. This will prove to be another Arizona industry.—*Copper Era*.

E. G. Eckis brought into Kingman a 78-pound bar of bullion from El Dorado canyon, Mohave county, that is worth about \$10 per ounce. It is the first product of his cyanide plant that is treating the tailings from the El Dorado mill. There are enough of these tailings to keep the plant steadily at work for several years.

CALIFORNIA.

AMADOR COUNTY.

The Blue Lakes ditch is opened from the head to the point at which the ditch divides, one part going to the Blue Lakes plant and the other to the Mother Lode.

At the Defender mine at Pioneer the shaft

is now down 100 feet and is in a good ledge five feet thick. They are keeping their four-stamp mill running steadily.

The Mutual Mining Company has been incorporated, to open up the property recently bought between Sutter Creek and Amador.

By dint of hard drilling the Oneida shaft at Jackson has reached the 1900-foot mark, and very close to that point the ledge was encountered and passed through. At 1900 feet was where Superintendent Truscott expected to encounter it, judging from its place west of the shaft at the 1500-foot and 1700 foot levels. It came in however at 1892 feet, and the shaft has passed through it and will probably be pushed down to 1960 feet before stations are cut in the ledge at the 1900-foot level. The ledge was found to be twelve feet thick at the south side of the shaft and ten feet at the north end, and contains enough valuable mineral to make it good milling ore. Mr. Truscott does not know just what the Oneida Company will do, as Captain Mein has not been able to visit the property since his return to the States, but it is reasonable to conclude that the old shaft will be reopened, a mill constructed and mining and milling pushed as rapidly as possible.—*Amador Ledger*.

CALAVERAS COUNTY.

Preparations are now being made to resume operations at the Esparanza mine near Mokelumne Hill, on a larger scale than ever before. The stamp capacity is to be increased to eighty stamps, a new hoist to be erected and the shaft is to be sunk an additional 500 feet. As soon as the new machinery can be put in place there will be nearly 100 men at work at the mine.

The directors of the Veritas Mining Company held a meeting in San Andreas last week. Sinking will begin on the shaft as soon as the upper levels have been put in condition, which will be in the course of two or three weeks. Meantime the drifts are being extended, stoping is going on, and the 200-foot cross cut is being opened. The mill is hammer away on ore that is quite satisfactory. The machinery has been renovated, having been taken out and cleaned, both as to hoist and mill. A new Wilfley concentrator has been put in and three new water tanks, two of 10,000-gallon and one of 5,000 gallon capacity, have been erected.

EL DORADO COUNTY.

A large lot of machinery has been shipped to the Globe Mining Company, at Nashville, by way of Plymouth. The shaft is down 750 feet and they will sink 750 feet farther before cross-cutting. They are now placing in an air compressor of eighty horse-power.

The Chicago Mining Company has incorporated with a capital stock of \$25,000 in 10-cent shares. J. E. Shettle and E. M. Shettle of Nashville and L. M. Byers, F. A. Sakuth and W. A. Byers of Salt Lake City are the incorporators. J. E. Shettle is president and W. A. Byers is secretary and treasurer. They will begin work on the Rip Van Winkle at Nashville which they bonded from Dan C. Wickham. There are eight claims in the group.

Randsburg Notes.

KERN COUNTY.

The Kinyons are taking out some exceptionally rich ore and will have a milling of it soon. They now have over 200 sacks of that

rich stuff. The mill is kept running for the present on ore from the dump, or former refuse, which is going about \$10 per ton.

The Annex mine is showing up in good shape. This mine is owned by S. J. Montgomery and Ed. Maginnis. A milling was made recently at the Red Dog mill which turned out well. Three men are at work and the main shaft is down 130 feet.

The owners of the Minnehaha mine are having about 25 tons of ore crushed at the Black Hawk mill.

The Wedge is having another run made at the Red Dog.

SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY.

Geo. A. Zwanzig of Daggett has a good thing in his Paradise Springs mine. A test made at Barstow on this ore showed \$46 per ton. There is about 65 tons of it on the dump, which will cost about \$5.55 to deliver it to Daggett \$0.80 freight from Daggett to mill at Barstow and \$1.25 treatment charges per ton gives a net return of \$38.40 per ton or about \$768.00 per carload. Mr. Zwanzig intends putting in a Cyanide plant on the ground to work his ores. Besides the mines he owns an extensive water right.

A meeting of miners was held in Daggett last week for the purpose of forming a mining district which will govern mining and the location of claims within said district. Reports of the meeting have not been received as yet.

TUOLUMNE COUNTY.

At the Densmore work for the present is confined to drilling and stoping in the tunnel levels. The new new hoist has been completed and sinking in the shaft will probably be resumed the coming week.

In the O'Hara claim a \$3000 pocket was taken out last week. The claim is operated under a lease by A. E. and Charles Elsbree and James O'Hara, Jr., but is owned by James O'Hara, Sr. It has paid handsomely in the past and is evidently trying to keep up its golden record.

The old Sugarman claim, just north of Sonora, one of the greatest pocket mines the west has ever produced, has been giving up bunches of gold at irregular intervals for several months past. Last week the clean-up was \$2000, with more of the pocket still in sight. The fortunate diggers this time are Charley Smith and Jack Brady, both practical pocket miners of long experience, who pay a royalty to J. H. Neal, of Sonora, the owner of the Sugarman.

President W. H. McClintock, Secretary Chas R. Thurnburn, W. R. Gillis, Sidney Sprout, S. A. Fisher, Fred Sutton, H. E. Vail and N. F. Pickle of the executive committee of the Miners Association of Tuolumne county were in session all Wednesday afternoon, when a constitution and by-laws of the organization were formulated and accepted. With but a few immaterial changes they are the same as those governing the State Association.—*Sonora Union-Democrat*.

COLORADO.

A contract was let in Denver for sixty 1500-pound stamps, with all necessary appliances, to be installed on the new addition to the large Smuggler-Union mill, near Telluride. The enlargement of the mill means an

increased ore output from the Smuggler-Union group, which recently passed under the control of a Boston Colorado company, supposed to be closely allied with the famous Calumet and Hecla Copper Co.

A discovery of great importance was made in an upraise from the eighth level which is about 800 feet from the surface and which is nearly at the bottom of the mine. In going up from this level a very strong and clearly defined lode has been followed. It is in the granite, and the ore follows a small phonolite dyke.

It the top of the upraise, which is now about 75 feet above the floor of the eighth level, the ore has widened out so as to exceed the size of the upraise workings. Up to this point the ore body was five feet wide and had the splendid average value of from three to six ounces in gold to the ton. This information is authentic and can be absolutely relied upon.

Another new ore body has been opened up in the Dante mine. The important discovery was made last week, and consists of two feet of ore which the manager at the mine states makes a splendid showing.—*Mining Investor*.

IDAHO.

The Seven Devils district of Idaho, owing to the high price in copper and the increased attractiveness of all copper properties, is now the scene of the greatest activity.

W. A. Clark, of Montana, has already got a foothold there. Two of his agents have just bonded the Blue Bell and Apex for \$50,000, and three other properties, the Dollie Gray, Gray Eagle and Centipede, for \$51,000. These bonds were taken for one year.

The fact that two such men as Patrick Clark and W. A. Clark are to operate there will attract renewed attention to the Seven Devils district. Cuprum is the name of the new mining town of the Seven Devils and it promises to be a lively place. The Vaughn Bay is a claim on which a great strike was recently made. A tunnel has been run in 120 feet, and a cross-cut 80 feet, all in ore. It is really a marvelous showing.

Barry A. Hillard is making slow progress in the purchase of the placer territory of Prichard Creek. Something over one-half of the ground lying between the Daddy village, half a mile west of Eagle, comprising about five miles of placer territory. Those who have sold their claims feel somewhat unfriendly to those claim owners who are holding back and others who have suddenly raised their prices which no sane man would consider for a moment. It is hinted that unless a purchase can be made during the present month the enterprise will be given up, and the money paid out will be considered as lost. The big steel pipe line has also been placed under option by Mr. Hillard, and if the requisite amount of ground can be obtained it will be repaired as speedily as possible.

Ground-slucing on the Granite is completed. Where the soil was washed off, about 800 feet east of the old works, the ledge showed up 18 feet wide, with ore from wall to wall. It is different ore from that in the old workings, being plentifully sprinkled with galena. Assays of the surface showed 30 per cent. lead, \$13.27 gold and 2½ ounces silver, making the ore worth about \$40 per ton. They ran 1,500 pounds of it through

the mill where it concentrates well, but the concentrates were not weighed, so what part of the lead was saved is unknown. A shaft is to be started on the new discovery and enough men kept at work in the old works to furnish what ore the mill can handle—20 tons per day.—*Wallace Press*.

MICHIGAN.

The Resolute.

About fifteen men are now at work on the Resolute property in Keweenaw county, which adjoins the Pawnee. The company has \$30,000 capital, all paid in cash into the treasury by Escanaba and Calumet gentlemen, and the entire capital will be used for exploratory purposes. The first work to be done is the unwatering of the 350-foot shaft sunk on the property years ago and in which it is said, by men who worked there in 1866, that there is a vein four feet wide. The new company also hopes to be able to locate the Mohawk lode on the property. If developments warrant, a company will then be organized with adequate capital to open the mine on a modern scale. Capt. Robert Vivian is in charge of the work being done.—*Hancock Copper Journal*.

MINNESOTA.

The annual meetings of the Minnesota Iron and the Federal Steel companies were held in Duluth the morning of June 12th. The party of stockholders, who had been visiting the mines and the railroad, arrived back in Duluth early in the day. A. R. Flower succeeds his brother, the late R. P. Flower, on the board of directors of the mining company. board of directors of the company now stands as follows:

G. S. Brewster, H. H. Porter, A. R. Flower, H. M. Flagler, D. O. Mills and Henry Siebert, of New York; E. J. Buffington, M. J. Carpenter, C. P. Coffin, C. W. Hulliard, of Chicago; E. W. Winter, of St. Paul; D. A. Bacon, J. L. Greatsinger, of Duluth.

The election of officers was as follows: D. H. Bacon of Duluth, president; Henry Siebert of New York, vice president; C. P. Coffin of Chicago, secretary and treasurer; Thos. Murray, assistant secretary and treasurer.

These gentlemen compose the officers and directors of the Duluth and Iron Range Railroad Co.

MONTANA.

A shipment of smelting ore was recently made from a claim near the Dandy. It ran high in gold.

Jesse Garver, the discoverer of the B. & G. mine, in the Warm Springs district, is in Helena, he and partner, William Wallace, having just extracted and shipped a car of ore from the Fleming lead, in that district, which netted \$81 per ton in gold, silver and lead. In accordance with his annual spring custom, Mr. Garver has made a new discovery, the ore being a lead carbonate carrying two ounces of gold to the ton.

Rapid progress is being made in sinking the new shaft on the property of the Bonanza Chief Mining Company, eight miles west of Helena, a depth of 60 feet having been reached.

Concentrating tables have been put in the

stamp mill on the Jerusha mine, on Lost Horse gulch, northwest of Marysville, and the mill is being run to its full capacity on the medium grade milling and concentrating ores. High-grade ores are also extracted and shipped to smelters.—*Helena Independent*.

NEVADA.

Silver Peak.

Sam Case has a crushing out and is taking out more daily.

Bell & Court are doing development work on their new strike in the San Antone mountains.

There is very little doing at Alida valley. The boys are taking out some high grade silver ore.

MacNamara and Burger have a streak of rich gold ore about eight inches wide in their mine, and will probably take out a crushing shortly.

Henry Jaegles has been shipping to San Francisco and finds it has paid him to do so. He has a large amount in the Homestake to take out, and will probably work it here in the new mill.

The leaching works are running tailings through the second time and ship a bar about every three weeks. There were about 10,000 or 12,000 tons altogether, and the first time they were leached they paid a fortune to the owner, and they are good enough now to pay for working.

Leidy & McAfee's new mill is about ready to run and will be a godsend to that country. The miners can safely estimate on getting a fair deal now. They have about 100 tons of high-grade ore to start on and have a large amount of second-grade ore in the Great Gulch mine.

NEW MEXICO.

The Midnight mine, located between Red river and La Belle, N. M., which has over 900 feet of workings, but which was shut down about a year ago, owing to bickerings among the owners, is to be opened up. The property is owned by Mark Hanna and other capitalists of Cleveland, O.

The biggest mining deal ever consummated in New Mexico was made by the Hearst estate in the sale of the celebrated Santa Rita copper mines. The price, all told, figures \$1,400,000.—*New Mexican Miner*.

OREGON.

At the Bonanza mine ground is being broken for the mill to hold 100 stamps. The present 20-stamp mill will have 20 more stamps added, and, when the new mill building is completed, the 40 stamps will be put to work alongside of 60 more.

The Golconda's \$100,000 mill will begin operating steadily with the bromine-chlorine process in a few days, and, it is reliably stated, the new process has been found on trial to be all that is expected of it.

The Ibex mine, which not long ago was sold to a Saginaw, Michigan, capitalist, is to have a first-class mill erected for operation on its paying ore.

The Mammoth Mining Company has con-

tracted for new road building and in all directions new roads are to be built and old ones repaired in preparation for great activity in the needful transportation of equipments and supplies to new and old gold properties.

Messrs. Reed Bros. and Bartlett, of Colorado Springs purchased the placer claims of C. C. Logan, situated on Poker Flat, near Auburn, paying therefor \$1,500.—*Baker City Democrat*.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

The Uncle Sam mine, on Elk Creek, South Dakota, is nearly drained of water and sinking of a new shaft will commence soon. There is an old incline in the mine through which the ore has been hoisted, and it is stated that a shaft and drift will be made to straighten this. This mine was at one time very rich in free-milling ore. It has now been purchased by a Chicago company, organized by Arch-Bishop Ware, of Deadwood.

A large force of men is at work at the St. Elmo mine, at Oreville, east of Hill City, South Dakota. The 10-stamp mill is running steadily and a large vein of free-milling ore has been opened up. The ore will run about \$10 a ton gold. The Sunnyside mine is still being lowered in the main shaft.—*Black Hills Mining Record*.

UTAH.

The Ajax Company's property at Mammoth is maintaining its past record, and conditions surrounding the proposition seem generally favorable. Grand Central properties near Mammoth are making an admirable showing. The new plant thus installed is modern in every respect, and will greatly increase the mine capacity. Nothing new is coming in from the Lower Mammoth property at Mammoth. The treasury of the Mammoth Company is in good condition, but dividends may not be resumed before August.

The Bullion-Beck and Champion Co. of Eureka paid its regular dividend of \$10,000 on the 15th of June. The long-expected ore shipment from the Eagle & Blue Bell of Eureka was received in Salt Lake on June 14th, the ore averaging four ounces in gold. At the properties work is progressing steadily and the new ore body is being thoroughly exploited. Some fears for its permanency are still entertained. The Tetro property at Eureka is looking very well, but an assessment of one cent per share has been levied.

Chloride Point Mining and Milling Co.'s plant at Mercur is running steadily and doing good work. The Daisy Co. sent in a shipment of cyanides to Salt Lake City from its Mercur property, valued at about \$5,800. The Geyser-Marion Company also sent in a shipment of cyanides from its Mercur properties. Something like 30 feet of ore has been uncovered in the Little Pittsburg mines at Mercur. Mercur was a heavy dealer at \$7.50, one large holder deciding to clean out at that figure. The uncertainty as to the amount of the anticipated dividend and its date of payment made the market on the stock a very unsatisfactory one, although support was good at the figure named. It was predicted that a dividend for June would be declared, the amount to be 25 cents per share, payable quarterly hereafter. Good reports were received from the properties.

Some heavy buying orders were in at the Salt Lake Exchange for Daly-West of Park

City, and all loose stock was displaced. The buyers are very conservative people, and their lead is being followed by the general public. As a result, much better quotations are being made, and still higher prices are expected as the day for the commencement of dividends approaches. The mines are looking extremely well, and are now making an output of 85 tons of ore per day, which will average about \$50 per ton. The June dividend of \$50,000 for Silver King of Park City has been paid. The property is in splendid shape.

WASHINGTON.

The Cleopatra, near Skykomish, Wash., has a 5-inch strata of antimonial silver ore in their tunnel at a depth of over 300 feet that samples 2,000 ounces in silver. They are doing extensive work. Their ore shipments are made from Skykomish.

Republic tunnel No. 4 was driven in 435 feet during the month of May, which is an average of over 14 feet per day. The total length of the tunnel will be about 2340 feet, which will give 600 feet depth. It is expected to reach the ledge by October next. If the wonderful values found above hold out in the new tunnel, it will make the Republic one of the world's greatest gold mines, and give Republic another boom which will send it ahead at a great rate.—*Miner and Electrician*.

FOREIGN MINING NEWS

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The Enterprise, Ten Mile, B. C., has over 200 tons in the bins at the wharf and 800 tons at the mine. The new company will have this hauled to the wharf, and it is expected will commence shipping at an early date.

Austin Corbin and associates have bonded Paddy McHugh's properties on Twelve Mile, and will commence work as soon as the snow is off.

A good find was made last week by Harry Mathews, three miles from Duncan City, on Howser Lake. The formation is lime and it is generally believed that it is a continuation of the rich lime formation on which the Bannockburn, Wagner, Gertrude and other prominent claims are located. This is the most important discovery on the peninsula, and is looked upon with considerable enthusiasm by local mining men. Mathews has named his new claim the Duncan, and states that the ore found is \$30 galena. It is expected that there will be a rush of prospectors to that locality together with those already on the ground.—*Kootenian*.

MEXICO.

The Purisima mine, State of Nueva Leon, is turning out ore which assays some fifteen ounces of gold to the ton.

It is credibly reported that on June 12 a Mexican found near Suquai Grande, Hermosillo, State of Sonora, Mexico, a gold ledge about two feet wide, very rich on the cropings. Thirty-five ounces of gold was pounded out of the rock in a hand mortar within a very few hours.

Ore shipments from La Bufa mine, in the southwestern portion of the State of Sonora,

have been discontinued until after the rainy season on account of lack of feed and water on the road. About 300 tons of high-grade ore have accumulated.

Word from the vicinity of La Bufa—beyond La Dura—conveys the intelligence that Mr. Jas. H. Brent of Torres has made a very rich and extensive strike in his Pilado mine. He has developed a large body of ore which is rich in lead and runs 400 ounces per ton in silver.

Messrs. J. W. Bryan of Washington, D. C., Marshall P. Wright of Kansas City, and their associates have developed in their Cibuchicari mine, near the old Llano Mission church, east of Matape, in the Ures district, State of Sonora, a great mineral deposit of wonderful richness. The entire mountain is said to have proved to be ore running from \$40 to \$250 per ton in gold.—*The Oasis*.

GENERAL NEWS.

California Mineral Association.

The *San Francisco Call*, under date of June 17th, prints the following remarks regarding the Southern California Branch of the California Miners' Association, which we and all mining people endorse:

"The things of most importance concerning the rapid growth and progress of the California Miners' Association are the Southern California branch of the association, organized a few days ago at Los Angeles, with Stephen M. White as president, and the mistaken hostility to the organization which has for some weeks been expressed repeatedly by news and technical journals and a few mining men of that region.

This new organization was effected about six weeks ago at Los Angeles, at an open meeting, attended by Secretary E. H. Benjamin, Attorney General Ford, Senator Davis, A. H. Ricketts, Charles G. Yale and others of the California Miners' Association. The new society, supposed to represent the interests of Southern California in the association, has been supported by a number of the leading mining men in that part of the state, and has already acquired a considerable membership. In spite of the hostile arguments from some sources that an independent organization would be much better. This hostility on the part of some men and influences interested in the mining prosperity of Southern California is certainly a mistaken one that will not help the mining industry south of Tehachapi, which has never before specially figured in the work of this powerful state organization.

Those who have objected with many words to the affiliation with the California Miners' Association say in effect, first, that the fields and their interests are naturally separate; second, that the California Miners' Association is controlled by San Francisco business men, who use the organization to divert the mining trade to and control it from San Francisco; third, that Central and Northern California put little men or money into Southern California mines, and that the importance of the industry south of Tehachapi is not recognized up here. It has been said that "the bay people do not give fair and adequate consideration to the mining interests of Southern California; that bay capital cannot be interested in Southern California mines; that Los Angeles is interested in building up a mining trade that would be best fostered by an independent organization; that Southern California mining opportunities can be better advertised by a separate organization; that

the California Miners' Association is chiefly seeking 75 per cent of the membership dues, which have been fixed at \$1 per year for individuals, etc."

The urging of these things in the columns of news and technical journals and from meeting platforms has hindered the growth of what promised to be a strong and effective auxiliary association. It is another exhibition of the feeling of independence of the rest of the state that bobs up now and then down there.

To say that the mining interests of California are split into two parts by a range of mountains is to take a narrow and erroneous view of the California Miners' Association. The state association is made up of fourteen county organizations, and the association has never since its organization, seven years ago, either in annual convention or through its executive or other committees, dealt with matters of sectional interest, except in the great matter of the rehabilitation of hydraulic mining. This question gave the association its birth, and the Caminetti law gave evidence of its power and effectiveness, but since then this question has been an incidental one.

This association gave birth to the pending demand for a cabinet department representing the mining industry, and it still hammers away at the plan, helping to give it needed boom and prestige. Southern California is as much interested in this as any other part of the state or country, as it is in the mineral lands bill, to which the association gave birth and the bright prospects of which are to be credited largely to the insistent work of the association, largely done through A. H. Ricketts. The revision of the Federal mining law is another field of its labor, not peculiar to the interests of any section. A number of such matters of equal interest to miners of Utah, Arizona, Southern and Northern California have been taken up by the association, and await the added support of the Southern California mining interests.

In matters of state legislation the association has been an effective force and will continue to be one. The Legislature has in the main acceded to its recommendations as to mining legislation, and its representatives have always been a definite and effective force before legislative committees and with legislators. The liberal support of the State Mining Bureau has been largely due to its influence. The appropriation of \$250,000, which it gained from the Legislature as well as from Congress, is one evidence of its political force. Another among such evidences is the tacit understanding with the Governor, that after raising by \$10,000 the appropriation for a California exhibit at the Paris Exposition, \$25,000 should be devoted to the mining industry of the state. It has been along such broad lines that the association has worked so far, and it is along such lines of general importance that it has gained the prestige and esteem it holds in the halls of both national and state legislation. The future effectiveness of the association in Washington and Sacramento would be further increased by the co-operation of the leading influences concerned in the mining industry of the southern part of the state. If in the future two miners' associations should exist, the two would hardly agree on the same specific propositions, and the divided counsels might easily confuse and defeat measures of importance to the whole mining industry of the state. A larger representation of the industry acting as a unit would add much to the power and scope of

the association's efforts. What has been accomplished so far, including an effective example of what may be done by an organization of the mining industry on broad lines has been done with little aid from Southern California. The California Miners' Association is not a chamber of mines. It concerns itself with no mining properties and it does not try to influence the mining trade. Its purposes are broader, and it confines itself to those broader purposes of general legislation and the general prosperity of the industry. "Uncle Jake" Neff, who is and has been since its organization its president, confines its efforts to fields in which Southern California is as much interested as any part of the state.

Much San Francisco money is invested in Southern California mining properties, but it is to the East and to Europe that the whole state largely turns for mining capital, and this is especially true of Southern California. The California Miners' Association has not given Southern California especial attention, for the good reason that Southern California was not represented in it. Its wants would have more effective attention through one strong state organization than through a small independent one. The American Institute of Mining Engineers will meet here in September as the guests of the California Miners' Association, and will give another illustration of the value of affiliation. The association will issue a large and handsome exposition of the mineral resources of the state, in which Southern California will be fairly represented, and with which such an affiliated association might concern itself. In the matter of the Paris mineral exhibit, a unity of policy will add to the success of the display. As a new mining region Southern California will have land, water, road, legal and departmental matters which would be handled with more success and benefit by a strong and influential organization, representing the whole state than by one representing a small region.

Active affiliation with the state association would tend to cure neglect, if such exists, and to turn attention southward, and make the splendid undeveloped resources of Southern California better known. The California Miners' Association seeks moral strength rather than financial co-operation, and from every point of view, the interests of the mining industry in Southern California seem open to better service from a great than from a local organization.

ANTHRACITE COAL IN PERU.

(By WILLIAM GRIFFITH, C. E., SCRANTON, PA.)

[Began in our issue of May 15th, 1899.]

THE SOUTHERN FIELD.

As stated before, this same series of coal-bearing rocks probably extend further to the southeast, as has been reported. We know, however, that coal dirt or blossom is brought from what was represented to us as a large coal bed located beyond the limits of our search to the silver mining town of Quiravilca, and there made into balls by mixing with clay for domestic use. Samples of coal were also shown to us from the northwestern extension of this same field, taken from another branch of the Chicama River, giving evidence of the extension to the northwestern of this coal field, far beyond the territory visited. As to the uniformity and continuity of these coal seams we will say we consider the measures here to be much more

disturbed through volcanic action than in the northern field. Nevertheless, we believe that the evidences of continuity are sufficient to warrant the conclusion that an immense body of coal exists in this vicinity, which can be economically mined, and much of it above water level, even within the territory described; while the same measures unquestionably extend in both directions far beyond these limits. Samples of coal were taken from the openings mentioned, an average sample of which gave the Analysis, No. 2, following, also by Mr. McCreath:

ANALYSIS NO. 2.

Water.....	1'596
Volatile matter.....	3'030
Fixed carbon.....	90'906
Sulphur.....	'652
Ash.....	3'816
	100'000
Specific gravity.....	1'67

From this analysis we should judge that the coals in this region are of unusual purity and excellent quality. For sake of comparison we give here an average analysis of Pennsylvania anthracite:

NO. 3—PENNSYLVANIA ANTHRACITE, AVERAGE OF 31 ANALYSES.

Water.....	3'277
Volatile matter.....	4'317
Fixed carbon.....	83'294
Sulphur.....	'600
Ash.....	8'514
	100'000
Specific gravity.....	1'59

It is impossible to make any reliable estimate as to the depth to which these coal seams extend. As stated above, they dip into the ground at an angle of about 70° and extend along the strike from the northeast to southwest from 15 to 30 miles or more. Owing to this dip, and the fact that the soft measures have been washed away from the outcrops, it is much easier to open into the coal and follow the outcroppings than in the northern field. And while the coal openings are more numerous, and much more coal actually visible to the eye in the southern field, it does not necessarily follow that there is more minable coal here, because owing to the different mode of disposition of the coal, the outcrops in the northern district are more or less covered with debris and vegetation, so that they are not visible unless exploration is especially made for the purpose of uncovering them. And the beds are so disposed that they may be more cheaply mined.

We made a collection of the fossil plants which are to be found in the slates accompanying the coal beds, which have been submitted to experts of the Smithsonian Institute at Washington and elsewhere, and they have been able to state, perhaps definitely, as to the geological horizon of the Peruvian coals. From the results of their investigations there would seem to be no doubt that these measures are of more recent age than the anthracite coals of the carboniferous measures of Pennsylvania or the Triassic coals of Richmond, Va., and are probably of Jurassic age and somewhat older than the anthracite and bituminous coals of the cretaceous formation in Colorado. Their position being thus midway, as it were, between formations containing economical coal beds of well known extent and continuity, would seem to be favorable for an extensive deposit of coal in the region under consideration. In Colo-

rado the anthracite coals are known to be more or less local in extent; that is to say, the bituminous seams are found overlying or underlying the seams of anthracite, in the same formation, while the same bed of coal may be anthracite in one place and bituminous in another. This is doubtless caused by the fact that the heat required to change the bituminous coal to anthracite, which was probably derived from the existence of eruptive rock near the coal seam, was more or less local in its effects, and apparently more intense in some places than in others; and the bituminous coal which in one place was undisturbed, in another part of the coal measures was converted into anthracite. We think we are prepared to say that this condition of affairs does not exist in the limits of this territory.

Throughout our travels we have noticed the unmistakable evidence of an intense heating of the rock formation in all portions of the Andes Mountains. The sandstones containing the coal, wherever we have noted their existence, have been unmistakably heated to an extreme degree, and there were absolutely no evidences of the existence of bituminous coal anywhere within these measures, so far as we have been able to ascertain.

We regard the lignitic coal of Yanacancha and elsewhere as a deposit of a more recent age, and while we understand that coal of various kinds exists in other portions of the same region, not examined by us, we think it extremely doubtful that in any of these places will be found bituminous coal in the rocks of the same age that contain anthracite. We are, therefore, of the opinion that the anthracite coals of these fields will be found uniform in quality throughout the whole extent of the measures in which they exist.

HUAMACHUCO BASIN.

Our travels were continued to the ancient town of Huamachuco, on the eastern slope of the Andes. This town is located in the bottom of a wide, deep valley, evidently composed of the soft measures underlying the coal-bearing rocks. Capping the mountain on either side of this valley, the measures have the same appearance at a distance as those which covered the hills in the northern field described. Abundant rumors came to our attention of the existence of coal seams in the mountains adjacent to Huamachuco. No attempt was made to examine them, as they were evidently more or less inaccessible, and our time was limited. However, it is probable that economical coal beds exist here on the eastern side of the continental divide. The citizens of Huamachuco use the coal blossom from the anthracite seams of the valley for domestic purposes by mixing with clay, as before described. It is questionable, however, whether the beds near the town from which this blossom is secured are of economical thickness. It is highly probable that if proper time was given to exploration in this northern portion of Peru, other coal areas would be found within the region covered by this paper, and which are not known at present. From what has gone before, however, it would seem conclusive that there exists in the Andes Mountains of northern Peru a vast wealth of anthracite coal awaiting development for the supply of the coal market of the western coast of South America or along the Amazon River system.

Read the article on Venezuela's mineral and other resources. Begun in our issue of June 15th and completed in this.

THE MINERAL AND OTHER RESOURCES OF VENEZUELA.

BY SENOR FRANCISCO J. YAMES.
(Continued from our issue of June 15th.)

Next in importance come the copper mines of Aroa, located in the section of Yaracuy in the State of Lara, on the banks of the river Aroa. These mines were discovered in 1605, but during the whole period of Spanish rule over the country their yield was almost insignificant. They are worked at present by an English company. The ore is found in a kind of slaty limestone and is principally chalcopryite, called yellow ore, containing from nine to twelve per cent of metallic copper. This ore undergoes several transformations, being changed into red oxide and carbonate of copper. Nearly all the output is shipped to Swansea, England. From 1878 to 1891 there were shipped 329,213 tons of ore, averaging over 11 per cent of copper, and 53,053 tons of regulus, averaging over 27 per cent. These quantities represent in all 51,759 tons of metal, which at the average price of fifty-four pounds per ton make a total of about \$14,000,000. There are in all fourteen copper mines in the country.

The best known silver mines in the country are the Tope mines, which were worked by the Spaniards in the eighteenth century. Besides this there are eight more silver mines in the country.

There are also ten iron mines in the Republic, the best known being the Imataca mine, the property of an American citizen, situated near the Orinoco river, the third largest river in the new world, and the main waterway of Venezuela. By analysis it has been found that the ore contains from sixty-seven to seventy per cent of pure iron, and it is said to produce a high grade of steel and that the Imataca iron is only equalled by the best Swedish product.

Mines of coal, petroleum and asphalt are also found in Venezuela, there being known to exist at the present time twenty-four coal mines, five of petroleum and sixty-four of asphalt. Among the first the Naricual mines must be mentioned, as well as the Cumanbo mines, the former being situated in the State of Bermudez, and the latter in the State of Falcon. Both seem to yield very fine coal, the Naricual coal being particularly adapted to the manufacture of coke, while the Cumanbo coal, according to the analysis, is a fine quality of lignite.

Petroleum is found in the States of Los Andes, Bermudez, Zamora and Zulia, and some of the deposits are not only natural flowing wells, but spout up with steady force.

Among the petroleum mines of the country those called "Petrolia," in the State of Los Andes are considered among the best, the development of which will facilitate the supply of this product in certain States in Venezuela, as well as in the neighboring Republic of Colombia.

Asphalt is found in the States of Los Andes, Bolivar, Falcon and Zulia.

Besides the mines already mentioned, I may add that there are also in Venezuela seven known mines of sulphur, six of rock crystal, five of marble, the best known of which is the Ganango mine in the State of Carabobo, which produces a very fine quality of marble; seven lead mines and also mines where thirty-one different minerals are to be found.

Among the mines the Araya salt mines belonging to the Government deserve special mention.

The Venezuelan Government, desirous of

the development of the mining interests of the country, has enacted important and liberal mining laws and has established a school of mines at Guacipati, an important place in the auriferous region of Guiana, for the education of mining engineers, where both a theoretical and practical education can be had.

I have now given you a brief sketch of the mining wealth of Venezuela.

As I remarked previously, I am not an expert in mining and have come here only representing a country which has special reasons to feel grateful and friendly to the United States for the support given her in a matter of vital interest and of territorial importance to Venezuela.

My mission is to show you that we wish to follow in the footsteps of those who are more advanced than ourselves in the development of industrial progress, and that we have in our country untold wealth that only needs capital and labor in order to yield its richest harvest and to report to my government the result attained by the deliberations of this Congress with a view to foster our own mining industry. Foreigners are well received and welcomed in my country, where the laws are liberal and the people hospitable. Therefore, any one wishing to help in the development of our natural resources is welcomed, not as a foreigner, but as a friend.

Venezuela is one of the members of the International Union of American Republics, an institution established by the recommendation of the Pan-American Congress, which you all undoubtedly remember. The object of this organization over whose executive committee the Honorable Secretary of State of the United States presides, is to establish closer commercial relations among the nations of this continent, by furnishing data in regard to their resources, laws and so forth. The bureau of American Republics in your capital city, Washington, D. C., is the representative of the Union, where upon application you may have all the information you desire in reference to the mining laws of Venezuela, its agricultural wealth, and in short any data relating to the Republic.

The Modern Metallurgy of Copper.

The metallurgy of copper has in the past few years been greatly advanced and simplified. The most important and far-reaching modifications have been in the extraordinary extension of the Bessemer principle in copper reduction, and of the electrolytic process in copper refining. By the Bessemer process the impure copper or matte produced by a single smelting is run in the liquid state into a Bessemer converter, air is forced through the liquid, the impurities oxidized and removed, and bar or pig copper obtained by a single operation. At least one roasting and one smelting, and often more, are thus saved, together with all the fuel and labor involved in these processes. The Bessemer method is now extensively followed at the great mines of Montana and Arizona, also in Colorado. It is safe to say that the electrolytic process of refining copper is now applied to between one-half and one third of all the copper produced in the United States. The electrolytic process separates gold and silver that may be present in the copper and deposits the copper in a state of great purity. To accomplish this the unrefined copper from the smelter or Bessemer converter is cast into great plates or anodes, weighing three hundred pounds or more; these anodes are suspended in tanks containing a solution of copper sulphate, op-

posite to cathodes, which are also copper plates but very thin, and consisting of pure metal. The passage of the electric current in the proper direction gradually transfers the copper from the anode plate to the cathode plate, while all the impurities are left behind. The gold and silver which are present in the unrefined copper fall, during the process, to the bottom of the tanks, and are afterward collected and separated from each other. Some idea of the importance of this method of copper refining is given by the following facts relating to the Anaconda Copper Mining Company's Montana refinery:

This refinery, which is one of many in this country, contains twelve hundred electrolytic tanks, each tank requiring about four tons of copper as a charge. The electric energy employed in the deposition is the equivalent of twenty-three hundred horse power. This single plant has turned out over one hundred tons of refined copper daily during the past few years. There is separated from this daily output of copper about seven hundred pounds of silver and fifty ounces of gold. This refinery treats only about one-half of the company's crude copper, the remainder being treated at Eastern works.

The Van der Naillen School of Engineering at 933 Market street, San Francisco, Calif., has completed its thirty-fifth year and has a large list of graduates. Following are those who have completed the work in the various departments:

Mining—A. R. Gurrey, Shasta; E. Matesson, Nevada; F. J. Kellett, St. Helena; H. G. Moss, Orange; J. L. Stubbs, Lower Lake; J. F. Williamson, Seattle; I. L. Ryder, San Jose; R. P. Turney, Campbell; C. P. Christensen, Randsburg; O. R. Lawson, Gold Hill, Nev.

Surveying—H. Koenig, Oakland; Geo. B. Kearney, Santa Barbara; Paul E. Lepoids, Los Angeles; E. H. Bushong, San Francisco; E. W. Nolan, Callahaus, Cal.; G. Winter, Yolo, Cal.; F. W. Saunders, Empire City, Or.; George Colbert, San Francisco; E. B. Olney, Chico; C. S. Winter, Berkeley; J. R. Myers, Honolulu; C. A. Call, Fort Bragg; Carl G. Bell, Colfax.

Assaying—W. S. Lauritzen, San Jose; H. T. Sedgley, Siskiyou; A. M. Thompson, San Francisco; A. C. Turley, Virginia City; M. Jones, Paris, Ill.; G. M. Rolph, Grass Valley; J. M. Landis, Callahaus, Cal.; R. C. Hicks, Cornig, Cal.; W. H. Irwin, Oakland; E. L. Howard, San Francisco; W. J. Pascoe, Mexico; A. Campbell, S. T. Parks, San Francisco; George J. Probasco, Baker City, Or.; G. H. Call, Fort Bragg; H. F. Lyon, San Francisco; C. B. Volkert, Dyea, Alaska; H. G. Siskron, Lower California; E. M. McNaught, San Francisco.

Electrical Department—D. M. McVean, A. Gilmartin, C. E. Severeen, G. H. Wadman, San Francisco; Wm. Bulson, Stockton; R. E. McDanil, Creswell, Or.; E. H. Lowe, Knights Ferry; Charles R. Forge, J. G. Finley, San Francisco; E. M. Cleary, Oakland; W. J. Shea, San Francisco; R. H. Cunningham, Arizona; A. McLukie, New Zealand; C. P. Hunt, San Francisco; H. W. Riblet, Sonoma; H. C. Haselbach, Biggs, Cal.; G. B. Von Boden, San Jose; J. F. Galvin, San Francisco; H. Bernhardt, Oakland; M. Johnson, William Mullan, Martin Johnson, San Francisco; P. Donelon, Sacramento; C. Brown, P. J. Conannon, A. E. Daniels, A. Thomas, C. M. McIntyre, C. F. Nelson, F. A. Brenner, P. Norton, J. Peacock, J. Fuite, F. J. Walsh, San Francisco; J. Ponnott, Seattle; Roy H. Craig, Enos Woods, San Francisco; J. W. Reay, New Zealand.

Latest Mining Decisions.

Prepared by Andrews & Murdoch, Berrien Springs, Mich.

That part of land on which a miner located a claim was patented to another without his objection did not prevent him from including the part unappropriated in another claim located on adjoining land, and obtaining a valid title to the claim so established. *Erwin vs. Perego et al.*, 93 Fed. Rep. (U. S.) 608.

To entitle a lessor to recover substantial damages for failure to operate under a mining lease providing for a royalty on the coal mined as a consideration, the lessor must, in addition to the fact that merchantable coal existed on the land, show that it could be mined with profit, after deducting the royalty. *Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. vs. Pryor*, 57 Pac. Rep. (Colo.) 51.

A cause of action for money paid, to recover assessments paid on mining stock pending litigation over its ownership, by one of the parties against the other, who was finally adjudged to be the owner, does not accrue until the successful party avails himself of the benefits of the decree by obtaining a transfer of the shares to himself. *Irvine vs. Angus et al.*, 93 Fed. Rep. (U. S.) 629.

Under Const. Utah, Art. 8 § 5, requiring all actions to be tried in the county where they arose, an action to try title to a mining claim, located on land included in another claim on which defendant entered, arose in the county where the land was situated and the entry made, and not in that where the land office in which the defendant's claim was filed was situated. *Erwin vs. Perego et al.*, 93 Fed. Rep. (U. S.) 608.

The consideration of a mining lease was a royalty on the coal mined and an agreement of the lessee to withhold pay of its employees to cover goods sold them by the lessor should he open a store on the land. *Held*, that, conceding the last agreement to be void as against public policy, the royalty clause was separate and enforceable, and hence the entire lease was not tainted. *Colorado Fuel and Iron Co. vs. Pryor*, 57 Pac. Rep. (Colo.) 51.

Rev. St. §§ 2319, 2320, 2324, require that, before the locator of a mining claim on public lands shall be entitled to same, he shall have discovered on unappropriated land a mineral-bearing lode, and shall have distinctly marked the boundaries of his claim, so that they may be readily traced. *Held*, that the finding of the lode need not precede the staking of the claim, and hence, where a claim was located, and the locator thereafter discovered a lode thereon before the claim had been appropriated by another, he had a valid claim thereto. *Erwin vs. Perego et al.*, 93 Fed. Rep. (U. S.) 608.

A claimant of a mining stock, who has been adjudged by a decree of court to hold the same in trust for another, but subject to a lien for advances made by him thereon, does not, by appealing from such decree, place himself in such a position as to render payments to him of assessments made on the stock, pending the appeal, the acts of a volunteer, but on the affirmation of the decree, and the taking advantage of it by the complainant therein, he may recover the amount paid on such assessments as for money paid to the use and benefit of such complainant. *Irvine vs. Angus et al.*, 93 Fed. Rep. (U. S.) 629.

Prospecting near or on lands leased for coal mining failed to disclose coal at the depth it should exist as determined from an adjoining mine. A hole was drilled with a diamond drill near the south line of the land, and an-

other near the east line. A six-foot vein was struck at 385 feet in the latter, but in the former no coal of value was found at twice the depth. A slope was commenced on the northeast of the land 2,925 feet from the latter hole, and a six-foot vein opened and exposed several hundred feet toward this land. Several witnesses were of the opinion that this vein extended under the land. *Held*, that a finding that there was coal on the land was justified. *Colorado Fuel and Iron Co. vs. Pryor*, 57 Pac. Rep. (Colo.) 51.

To prove coal under leased land was of merchantable quality, witnesses testified that coal from an adjoining slope was not marketable; that the expense of removing the impurities made its mining impracticable. Other witnesses testified that it was good for steam and domestic purposes, and improved as the slope extended into the leased land. It had been mingled and sold with coal from an adjoining mine of the same vein from which thousands of tons had been mined and sold. The lessees kept the water out of the slope for two years after mining stopped, never offered to cancel the lease, or claimed the coal was inferior, but gave as an excuse for not working, that there was no market. *Held*, that the conflict was such as to prevent disturbing the finding of the trial judge. *Colorado Fuel and Iron Co. vs. Pryor*, 57 Pac. Rep. (Colo.) 51.

PERSONAL NEWS ITEMS

FREDERICK G. FARISH, lately with the Grand Central Mining Company, Limited, of Minas Prietas, Sonora, Mex., has resigned his position with that company to go to Curay, Colo., where he will take charge of the Humboldt mine.

M. BULKLEY, of HENSHAW, BULKLEY & Co., San Francisco, Cal., has recently returned from a business trip through the east.

GEO. D. BARRON, for nearly ten years past manager for M. Guggenheim's Sons, Aguas Calientes, Mex., has resigned so that he may give more attention to the affairs of the Compania Minera de Beneficiadora de Tezuitlan, of which he is president and treasurer. The company owns some large copper properties near Tezuitlan, Pueblo, Mex.

THOS. RICKERD, of the PARK & LACY Co. of San Francisco, Cal., is at present in Honolulu.

H. GRAFTON VERCOE, who has had charge of the Copper King mine, Letcher, Fresno county, Cal., for the past two years, is now superintendent of the Heiskell copper mine, Clovis, Fresno county, Cal.

A. O. IHLSENG, of Joplin, Mo., is spending a few days in New York City.

NOEL MONEY, of the London Exploration Co., who has lately been equipping Siberian placer mines for that corporation, is making an inspection tour of California gold mines.

E. M. WADE, of WADE & WADE, Los Angeles, Cal., has just returned from Hedges, Cal., where he has been in charge of the cyanide operations on the American Girl mine.

THOS. N. SMITH, who was connected for many years with the Utica Mine, Angels Camp, Cal., has resigned and removed to San Francisco, where he will practice his profession of mining engineering.

SAMUEL J. HENDY, president and general manager of Joshua Hendy Machine Works, San Francisco, Cal., has returned from his trip through Colorado.

THEOPHILUS ALLEN, superintendent of the Sonora Mining Co., El Oro, Mexico, has recently left for England on a pleasure trip.

P. H. CLINGAN, of Florence, Colo., has charge of the construction of the new Golden Fleece mill at Lake City, Colo.

WALTER B. WILSON, manager of the Elkton Consolidated and El Paso Gold Companies, of Cripple Creek, Colorado, recently left on a visit to London.

ROSS E. BROWN, who lately returned from London, England, to San Francisco, is inspecting the Jumper mine, Tuolumne Co., Cal.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Average Prices of Metals

in New York per 100 lbs. from January 1st, 1899:

Month	Copper	Tin	Lead	Spelter
January.....	14.75	22.48	4.18	5.34
February.....	18.50	24.20	4.49	6.28
March.....	17.54	23.82	4.37	6.31
April.....	18.93	24.98	4.31	6.67
May.....	18.25	25.76	4.44	6.88
June.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
July.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
August.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
September.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
October.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
November.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
December.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Average Monthly Prices of Silver.

In New York per ounce Troy, from January 1st, 1899, and for the years 1898 and 1897:

Month	1899	1898	1897
January.....	59.36	56.77	64.29
February.....	59.42	56.07	64.67
March.....	59.64	51.90	63.06
April.....	60.10	56.02	61.85
May.....	61.23	56.98	60.42
June.....	.....	58.61	60.10
July.....	.....	59.06	59.61
August.....	.....	59.54	64.19
September.....	.....	60.68	55.24
October.....	.....	60.42	57.57
November.....	.....	60.60	57.91
December.....	.....	59.42	58.01
Year.....	.....	58.26	59.79

Comparative statement of the circulation in the United States on May 1st 1899. Comparison being made with statement on April 1st, 1899.

	May 1.	Changes.
Gold.....	\$701,077,442	I. \$ 6,221,590
Silver.....	133,807,519	D. 225,578
Legal Tenders.....	312,057,405	I. 538,288
Treas'y & N't'l B'k N'tes	332,426,248	D. 900,883

Totals.....\$1,479,378,614 I. \$ 5,633,227

Gold and Silver certificates and currency are not included in this table. By adding the amounts given in this table with those in the following will give the total amount coined or issued. The

figures herewith are furnished by the Bureau of Statistics Treasury Department.

Comparative statement of changes of money in United States Treasury during April 1899, comparison being made with statement, on April 1st, 1899.

	May 1.	Changes.
Gold.....	\$158,155,399	I. \$1,409,893
Silver.....	419,739,464	I. 2,179,419
Legal Tenders.....	34,623,611	D. 1,538,388
Treas'y & N't'l B'k Notes	4,878,749	I. 1,136,699

Totals.....\$617,388,124 I. \$3,177,633

The Gold and Silver bullion on hand in the Treasury is not included in this statement.

Gold and Silver Exports and Imports.

At all United States ports, for the month of April, 1899, and ten months ending April, 1898, and 1899:

	APRIL	1899	1898
Gold—			
Exports.....	\$ 1,333,724	\$1,162,484	2,482,871
Imports.....	32,579,858	1,309,639	
Excess.....	I. \$31,256,134	I. 1,309,639	
Silver—			
Exports.....	\$4,099,161	\$4,082,567	1,849,231
Imports.....	2,091,056	2,579,510	
Excess.....	E. \$2,008,095	E. \$2,233,336	

TEN MONTHS ENDING APRIL.

	1898	1899
Gold—		
Exports.....	\$14,921,705	\$14,564,504
Imports.....	103,738,951	82,778,632
Excess.....	I. \$88,817,246	I. \$68,214,127
Silver—		
Exports.....	\$46,764,157	\$48,039,207
Imports.....	27,344,499	25,769,510
Excess.....	E. \$19,439,658	E. \$22,269,897

This statement includes the exports and imports at all United States ports, the figures being furnished by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.

WANTS

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EXPERIENCED man desires position, who can install, run and keep in repair, Steam, Electrical and Mining machinery, has knowledge of assaying and office work. References. Address: W. H. K., McCLOUD, CAL.

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See

Mining Stock Quotations

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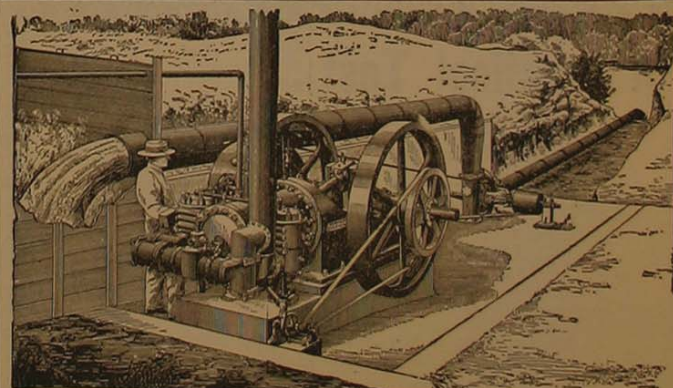
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Cochiti	12.00	Victor	3.50
Copper Range	45.10	Victoria	5.50
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Hattie Brown	—	Reco	—
Hall Mines	2.75	Silver Bell	—
Homestake	05	Silver Queen	15
Iron Horse	12	St. Elmo	—
Iron Maak	75	Slocan Star	—
Josie	—	Vic. Tr. M. Dev. Co.	—
Jumbo	—	Waverly Mines	20
Kenneth	—	War Eagle Con.	3.75
Keystone	—	White Bear	10

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta Con.	04	Mexican	48
Andes	11	Occidental	25
Belcher	34	Ophir	1.55
Best & Belcher	45	Overman	17
Bullion	06	Ontario	—
Caledonia	67	Plymouth	—
Challenge	36	Potosi	26
Chollar	28	Quicksilver	—
Confidence	1.00	Quicksilver pref'd	—
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.50	Savage	24
Crown Point	28	Seg. Belcher	07
Deadwood	—	Sierra Nevada	68

Gould & Curry	25	Silver Hill	02
Hale & Norcross	34	Standard	2.40
Homestake	—	Union Con.	37
Iron Silver	—	Utah	11
Justice	17	Yellow Jacket	38

COLORADO SPRINGS STOCKS

Acacia	08	Hayden	01
Alamo	07	Ingham Con.	01
Altamont	—	Isabella	71
American Con.	03	Jack Pot	29
Anaconda	49	Kimberly	08
Aola	02	Lexington	01
Arcadia Cons.	—	Magnet Rock	01
Argentum Junata	25	Matos	28
Bankers	—	Montreal	—
Banner	01	Mountain Beauty	04
Bob Lee	03	Mollie Gibson	25
Creede & C. Co.	09	Moan Anchor	90
Cripple Crk Con.	02	Mount Rosa	20
Dante	10	New Haven	02
Des Moines	02	Oriole	04
Elkton Con.	82	Orphan Bell	07
El Paso	18	Pharmacist	04
Emma Almee	01	Pilgrim	04
Fanny B.	00	Portland	1.75
Favorite	—	Pr. Albert	02
Findley	11	Rattler	02
Flower of the Wt	02	Specimen	08
Golden Fleece	31	Thryte	07
Gold & Globe	04	Union	04
Gold King	85	Theresa	19
Gould	17	Vindicator	—
Granite Hill	—	Work	17

SALT LAKE CITY

Alice	80	Joe Bowers	12
Ajax	1.35	Joe Bowers Ex.	08
Alliance	10	La Reine	88
Anchor	—	Little Pittsburgh	08
Arctadian	03	Lower Mammoth	48
Bullion	5.00	May Day	05
Cent. Eureka	40	Mammoth	2.00
Chloride Point	75	Mercur	7.40
Daisy	21	Northern Light	65
Dalton	05	Omaha	40
Dalton & Lark	09	Ontario	6.50
Daly	1.35	Petro	71
Daly West	9.80	Rich. Anaconda	07
Dexter	2.25	Sacramento	46
Eagle	05	Showers Con.	38
Eagle & Blue Bell	1.37	Silver King	40
Emerald	12	Star Consolidated	99
Four Aces	21	Sunbeam	35
Galena	28	Sunshine	60
Geyser-Marion	62	Swansea	3.85
Golden Eagle	05	So. Swansea	1.45
Grand Central	8.00	Tetro	05
Homestake	10	Utah	92
Horn Silver	1.50	Valco	1.09
Ingot	25	West M'tn P'cer	25

NEW YORK.

Adams Con.	19	Isabella	88
Alamo	07	Iron Silver	55
Alice	75	Jefferson	07
Altamont	—	Jennie Blanche	51
Anaconda	50	Justine	02
Anaconda Gold	50	King & Pemb	18
Ancholia L.	89	Leadville Cons.	03
Argentum Junata	25	Little Chief	17
Belcher	38	Mexican	15
Best & Belcher	50	Mollie Gibson	24
Burt Gold	—	Mt. Rosa	13
Breece	1.60	Occidental	25
Brunswick	15	Ontario	8.00
Chollar	34	Ophir	1.00
Chrysolite	08	Pharmacist	10
Comstock Tunnel	—	Phoenix	05
Comstock Stocks	04	Plymouth	08
Comstock Script	06	Portland	1.80
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.71	Potosi	39
Cr. & Cr. Creek	09	Quicksilver	2.25
Crescent	15	Quicksilver pfd.	8.13
Crown Point	30	Rocky Mountain	—
Cripple Creek Con.	10	San Juan Star	—
Deadwood Terra	50	Savage	20
Elkton Cons.	88	Sierra Nevada	65
Enterprise	30	Small Hope	1.25
Garfield Cons.	—	Specimen	07
Good Samaritan	—	Standard Con.	2.25
Gold Coin C. Crk	1.85	Syndicate	—
Gold Coin Gilpin	35	Union Con.	35
Golden Fleece	38	Union	18
Gould & Curry	25	Utah Con.	10
Gregory Gold	02	Union Gold	—
Hale & Norcross	32	Vindicator	—
High Five	24	Work	17
Homestake	60	Yellow Jacket	38
Horn Silver	1.50	—	—

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON.

Ben Hur	28	Number Six	12
Black Tail	17	Palo Alto	14
Bryan & Sewall	05	Pearl	12
Butte and Boston	17	Pocahontas	04
Burman	03	Princess Maude	18
Eureka First Th't	05	Quip	15
Eureka Queen	08	Rebate	19
Golden Harvest	07	Republic	3.75
Gold Leaf	05	Republic Big Six	08
Iron Monitor	09	Republic No. 2	08
Jim Blaine	57	San Poll	85
Liberty	04	Surprise	12
Lone Pine Cons.	42	Thoughtful	02
Merrimac	09	Trade Thumb	22
Monroe	08	Trade Dollar	05
Morning Glory	20	Treasury	05
Mountain Lion	87	—	—

DENVER STOCK REPORT.

Aetna	—	Keystone	09
Ancholia Leland	83	Little	24
Anaconda	48	Matos	25
Arctadian	03	Mollie Gibson	25
Argentum Junata	25	Moan Anchor	90
Banner	01	Mt. Rosa	20

Bob Lee	03	Old Gold	01
Elkton	82	Peoples	—
El Paso	15	Pig Iron	—
Enterprise	07	Pine Creek	—
Fanny B.	00	Portland	1.75
Garfield	10	Prince Albert	74
Geo. Washington	—	Republic	04
Golden Eagle	38	Sacramento	04
Gold Coin	1.88	Smuggler	—
Gilpin & C. Co.	—	Specimen	08
Gilpin Four	—	Tamarack	08
Golden Fleece	31	Union	19
Isabella	78	Virginia M.	04
Iron Clad	03	Wheels Cons.	—
Jack Pot	29	Work	17

MEXICO

Name of Company	State	Price
Amistad y Concordia	Hidalgo	31
Angustias	Guanajuato	370
Arevalo y Anexas	Hidalgo	200
Asturiana y Anexas	Zacatecas	80
Barradon y Cabras	Durango	60
Barlome de Medina	Hidalgo	70
Cabazon y An.	Zacatecas	15
Candelaria de Pinos	—	90
Capusaya	Durango	39
Carmen	Hidalgo	465
Cisco Seneyes y An.	Guanajuato	370
Concepcion y Anexas	S. Luis Potosi	105
Coronas	Mexico	75
El Oro	Guanajuato	30
El Oro, pref.	Guanajuato	30
Esparanza y An.	Mexico	1,350
Guadalupe	Guanajuato	50
Luz de Horda Aviado	Michoacan	22
Luz de Horda aviado	Michoacan	20
Luz de Maravillas	Hidalgo	180
Pabalon	Hidalgo	20
Palma de Somb.	Zacatecas	80
Panacea	Durango	2,000
Rafael y Anexas	Hidalgo	1,000
Real del Monte	Hidalgo	750
Restauradora	Durango	20
Rosario y Anexas	Durango	10
San Francisco	Hidalgo	180
San Rafael aviado	Hidalgo	420
San Rafael del Oro	Hidalgo	85
Ste. Maria de la Paz	S. Luis Potosi	720
Soledad	Hidalgo	370
Sorpesa	Hidalgo	240
Trinidad Aviado	Guanajuato	125
Trinidad Aviado	Guanajuato	110
Tlaxiungo	Puebla	28
Union Hacia	Hidalgo	380
Zona Min. de Paz	Guanajuato	57

NOTE—The above Mexican stocks are figured on the basis of Mexican silver

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THE PORTLAND GOLD MINING CO.,

(Stock Transfer Office, Colorado Springs.)

Mines at Victor, Colorado.

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO., May 19, 1898.

The Ingersoll-Sergeant Drill Co.

Gentlemen: We bought two years ago one of the largest size of the straight line type of Ingersoll-Sergeant Piston Inlet Compressor.

This was found to be too small for our needs about a year ago and we purchased of you a Duplex Corliss machine 16" x 18" x 42".

This was set in place in our shaft house in the Cripple Creek District, 10,000 feet above the level of the sea, and was running continuously ever since, and at times over ten 3/4" Eclipse drills. The steam cylinders were connected to an independent Jet Condenser, for which we are using the mine water, and the resultant economy of operation is very noticeable.

The operation of this Compressor is as near perfect as that of any machine we have ever seen, and this type is well worth the extra cost on account of the great permanent economy in operation.

Our mine is equipped exclusively with your drills and we have only the highest words of praise to give them.

Yours very truly, The Portland Gold Mining Co.

Jas. A. Burns, President

INCORPORATED MINES PAYING DIVIDENDS.

	NAMES OF MINES	LOCATION	No. of Shares	Capital Stock	Par Value	Amount of last Dividend	Date of Last Dividend	Total Amount Paid in Dividends	Kind of Minerals Produced
1	Aetna Cons.	California	100,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 5	\$ 10	Apr 1899	\$ 170,000	Q.
2	Alamo	Utah	125,000	125,000	1	02	April 1899	2,500	G, C, I.
3	Alaska, Treadwell	Alaska	200,000	5,000,000	25	37 1/2	Apr 1899	4,070,000	G.
4	Alaska Mexican	Alaska	200,000	1,000,000	5	10	Apr 1899	353,031	G.
5	Anaconda	Montana	1,200,000	30,000,000	25	1 25	May 1899	9,750,000	C.
6	Anchoria Leland	Colorado	600,000	600,000	1	03	Apr 1899	198,000	G.
7	American Gold	Colorado	300,000	3,000,000	10	09	Mar 1899	407,000	G. S. L.
8	Argonaut	California	200,000	2,000,000	10	10	April 1899	206,000	G.
9	Associated	Colorado	1,250,000	1,250,000	1	01	Dec 1898	72,000	G.
10	Bald Butte	Montana	250,000	250,000	1	06	May 1899	702,148	G, C, S.
11	Boston & California	California	600,000	600,000	1	06	March 1899	38,000	G.
12	Boston and Colorado Smelting	Colorado	15,000	750,000	50	5 00	April 1899	375,000	G.
13	Boston & Montana	Montana	150,000	3,750,000	25	6 00	May 1899	10,775,000	G, C, S.
14	Breece	Colorado	200,000	5,000,000	25	05	June 1899	50,000	I.
15	Bullion Beck and Champion	Utah	100,000	1,000,000	10	10	May 1899	2,368,400	G, S.
16	Bunker Hill and Sullivan	Idaho	300,000	3,000,000	10	07	May 1899	705,000	S. L.
17	Cariboo	British Col.	800,000	800,000	1	01 1/2	Feb 1899	248,965	G.
18	Calumet & Hecla	Michigan	10,000	2,500,000	25	20 00	June 1899	62,850,000	G.
19	Centennial Eureka	Utah	30,000	1,500,000	50	50	May 1899	2,105,000	S. L.
20	Central Lead	Missouri	10,000	1,000,000	100	50	June 1899	112,000	L.
21	Charleston	S. Carolina	10,000	1,000,000	100	2 00	June 1899	200,000	G.
22	Colorado Smelting	Montana	100,000	1,000,000	10	1 00	Jan 1899	1,945,000	G, S, C.
23	Consolidated Tiger and Poorman	Idaho	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	02	Dec 1898	20,000	G, S.
24	Creston Leasing	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	01	Dec 1898	54,000	G.
25	Crowned King	Arizona	600,000	6,000,000	10	02	Dec 1898	232,000	G, S. L.
26	De Lamar	Idaho	40,000	2,000,000	5	12	May 1899	2,846,000	G, S.
27	Deer Trail No. 2	Washington	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	0025	May 1899	30,000	G.
28	Doe Run	Missouri	5,000	500,000	100	50	June 1899	75,000	L.
29	Elkton Consolidated	Colorado	1,250,000	1,250,000	1	01 1/2	Nov 1898	656,961	G, S.
30	Empire State	Idaho	75,000	750,000	10	20	June 1899	165,638	G.
31	Enterprise	Colorado	500,000	500,000	1	05	Sept 1898	900,000	S. L.
32	Fanny Rawlings	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	01	May 1899	10,000	G, S.
33	Ferris-Haggerty	Wyoming	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	00 1/2	Mar 1899	5,000	C, G, S.
34	Geyse, Marion	Utah	300,000	1,500,000	5	02	Sept 1898	96,000	G.
35	Garfield Consolidated	Colorado	1,200,000	1,200,000	1	01	May 1899	34,000	G.
36	Goldeln Star	Ontario, Canada	100,000	100,000	1	01	July 1899	41,000	G.
37	Gold Coin of Victor	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	01	May 1899	200,000	G.
38	Gold King	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	02	May 1899	30,000	G.
39	Golden Cycle	Colorado	200,000	1,000,000	5	05	June 1899	198,500	G.
40	Grand Central	Utah	250,000	250,000	1	15	May 1899	493,750	G, S, C, L.
41	Gwin	California	20,000	1,000,000	50	25	May 1899	66,500	G.
42	Highland	S. Dakota	100,000	10,000,000	100	20	May 1899	3,834,718	G.
43	Holy Terror	S. Dakota	300,000	300,000	1	01	Mar 1899	122,000	G.
44	Homestake	S. Dakota	125,000	12,500,000	100	50	May 1899	7,493,750	G.
45	Horn Silver	Utah	400,000	10,000,000	25	05	April 1899	5,260,000	S, L.
46	Idaho	British Col.	500,000	500,000	1	05 1/2	Jan 1899	292,000	G.
47	Isabella	Colorado	2,250,000	2,250,000	1	06	Feb 1899	405,000	G.
48	Jack Pot	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	02 1/2	Mar 1899	25,000	G.
49	Jamison	California	390,000	3,900,000	10	10	April 1899	50,700	G.
50	Lake Superior Iron	Michigan	84,000	2,100,000	25	1 00	Feb 1899	736,000	I.
51	Lillie	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	05	June 1899	224,110	G.
52	Modoc	Colorado	500,000	500,000	1	02	May 1899	130,000	G.
53	Montana Ltd.	Montana	660,000	3,300,000	5	12	Apr 1899	2,997,557	G, S.
54	Montana Ore Purchasing	Montana	40,000	1,000,000	25	1 00	May 1899	1,120,000	G.
55	Morning Star	California	2,400	240,000	100	2 50	May 1899	728,600	G.
56	Mercur	Utah	200,000	5,000,000	25	12 1/2	Jan 1899	1,266,000	G.
57	Mammoth	Utah	400,000	10,000,000	25	05	Dec 1898	1,350,000	G, S, C, L.
58	Matoa	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	02 1/2	Dec 1898	25,000	G.
59	Mead	California	2,000,000	2,000,000	1	20	Mar 1899	100,000	G.
60	Monument	Colorado	300,000	300,000	1	01	Dec 1898	12,624	G.
61	Moulton	Montana	400,000	2,000,000	5	05	Feb 1899	480,000	G.
62	Mt. Shasta	California	20,000	100,000	5	30	May 1899	6,000	G.
63	New York & Hon. Rosario	Central A.	150,000	1,500,000	10	10	May 1899	1,050,000	S, G.
64	Napa	California	100,000	700,000	7	20	Apr 1899	990,000	G.
65	New Idria Quicksilver	California	100,000	500,000	5	20	Apr 1899	120,000	Q.
66	North Star	California	200,000	2,000,000	10	25	Apr 1899	550,000	G.
67	Ophir Hill	Utah	1,000	25,000	25	20 00	Dec 1898	20,000	G.
68	Original Empire	California	50,000	5,000,000	100	1 00	May 1899	500,000	G.
69	Osceola	Michigan	50,000	1,250,000	25	3 00	June 1899	2,801,500	C.
70	Parrot	Montana	230,000	2,300,000	10	1 50	May 1899	2,890,898	C.
71	Pennsylvania Consolidated	California	51,500	5,150,000	10	05	June 1899	67,100	G.
72	Pioneer	California	100,000	1,000,000	10	12 1/2	Mar 1899	62,500	G.
73	Portland	Colorado	3,000,000	3,000,000	1	02	June 1899	2,197,080	G, S.
74	Plumbago	California	300,000	300,000	1	15	Jan 1899	45,000	G.
75	Quicksilver Pref.	California	43,000	4,300,000	100	50	May 1899	1,845,411	Q.
76	Quicksilver Consolidated	California	57,000	5,700,000	100	40	July 1899	643,867	Q.
77	Quincy	Michigan	100,000	2,500,000	25	3 50	Feb 1899	10,470,000	C.
78	* Republic Consolidated	Washington	3,000,000	3,000,000	1	01	June 1899	183,000	G.
79	Rambler-Cariboo	British Col.	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	01	April 1899	50,000	G.
80	Royal Consolidated	British Col.	2,500,000	2,500,000	1	01	Mar 1899	25,000	G.
81	Sacramento	Utah	1,000,000	5,000,000	5	00 1/2	June 1899	87,500	G.
82	Small Hopes Consolidated	Colorado	250,000	5,000,000	20	10	Feb 1899	3,325,000	S.
83	South Swansea	Utah	150,000	150,000	1	05	Apr 1899	147,500	S, L.
84	Standard	Idaho	500,000	500,000	1	06	Apr 1899	1,745,000	G, S.
85	Standard	California	200,000	20,000,000	100	10	May 1899	3,859,226	G, S.
86	St. Joseph	Missouri	30,000	3,000,000	10	1 50	Mar 1899	2,822,000	L.
87	Silver King	Utah	150,000	3,000,000	20	25	May 1899	2,975,000	S, L, G.
88	Smuggler	Colorado	1,000,000	1,000,000	1	01	June 1899	1,155,000	S, L, Z.
89	Swansea	Utah	100,000	500,000	5	05	May 1899	161,500	S, L.
90	Tamarack	Michigan	60,000	1,500,000	15	4 00	June 1899	5,910,000	C.
91	Tomboy	Colorado	200,000	2,000,000	10	4 00	May 1899	730,000	G.
92	Utah	Utah	100,000	1,000,000	10	02	Jan 1899	179,000	G.
93	Vindicator	Colorado	1,500,000	1,500,000	1	05	Apr 1899	203,000	G.
94	War Eagle	British Col.	2,000,000	1,000,000	1	01 1/2	May 1899	309,000	G.
95	Wolverine	Michigan	60,000	2,500,000	25	1 50	Apr 1899	150,000	C.
96	Yellow Aster	California	100,000	1,000,000	10	10	May 1899	203,789	G.

S. Silver; G. Gold; L. Lead; C. Copper; Q. Quicksilver; I. Iron; Z. Zinc.

N. B.—Companies not listed have not paid a dividend for the last twelve months.

*Paid since consolidation \$30,000; Republic paid \$120,000 under old management.

THE CAMMET CONCENTRATOR

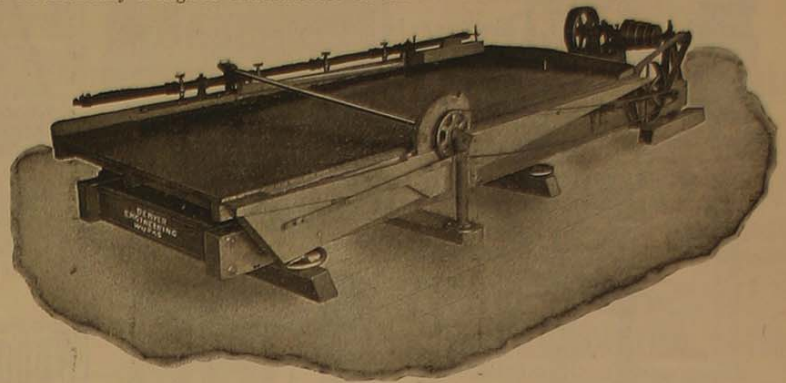
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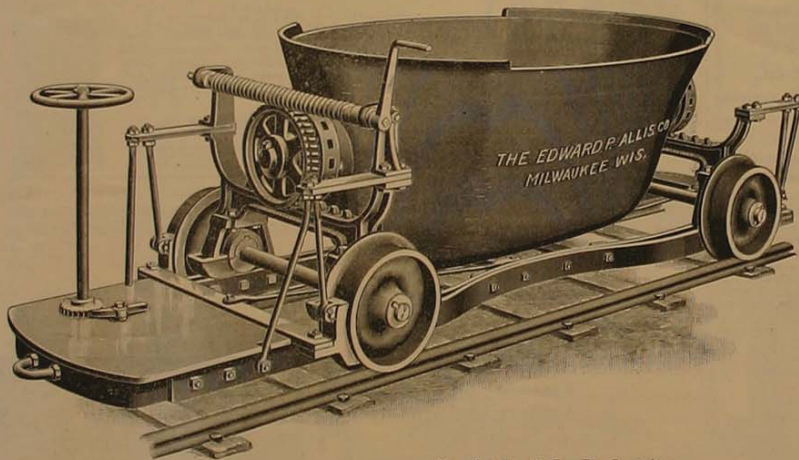
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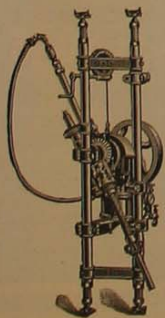
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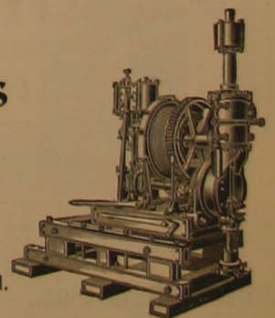
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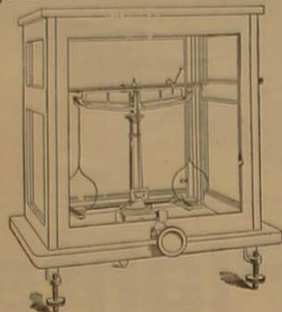
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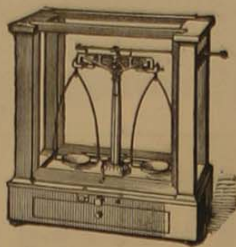
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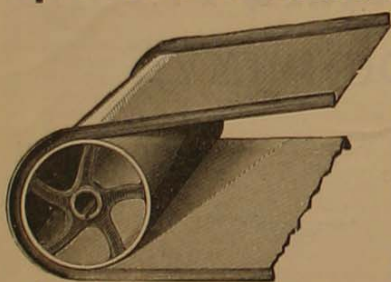
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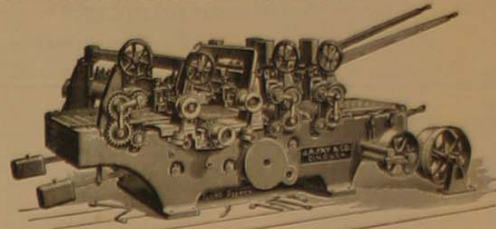
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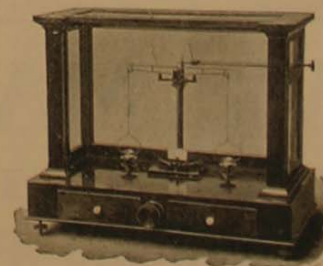
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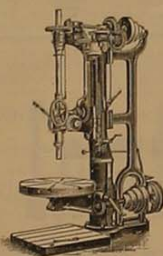
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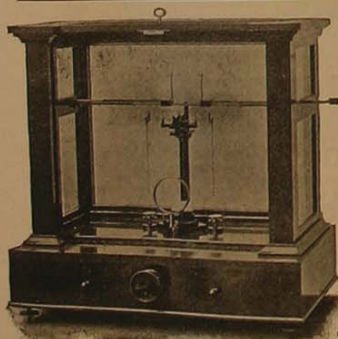
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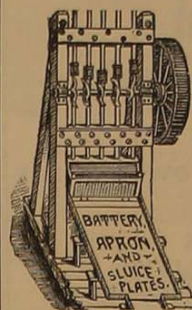
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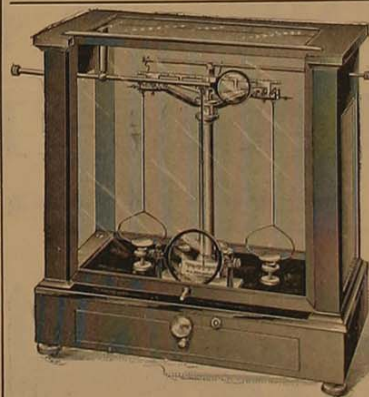
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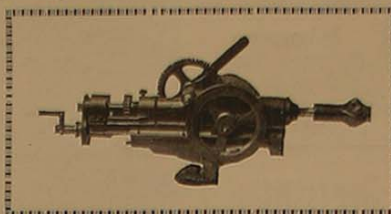
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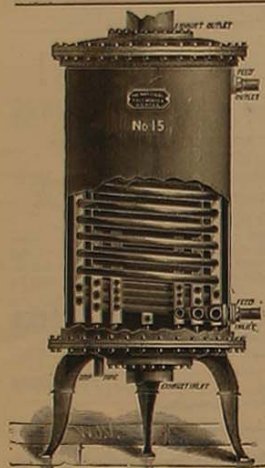
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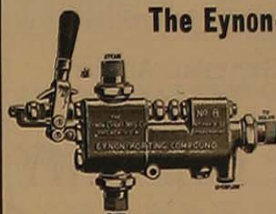
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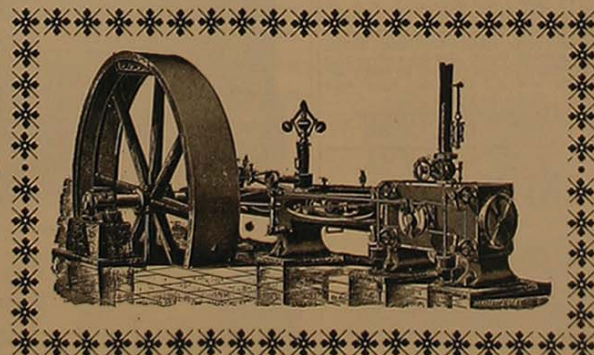
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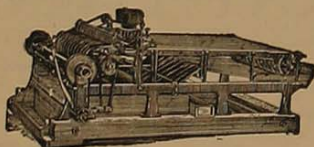
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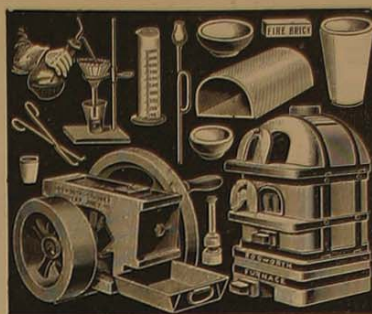
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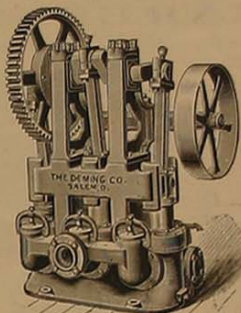
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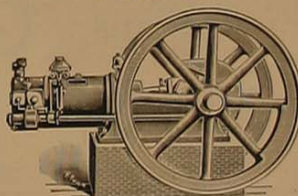
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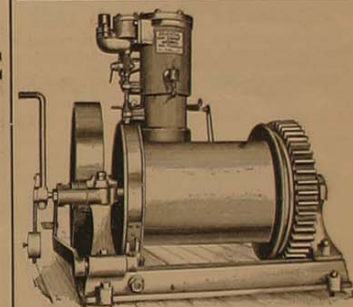
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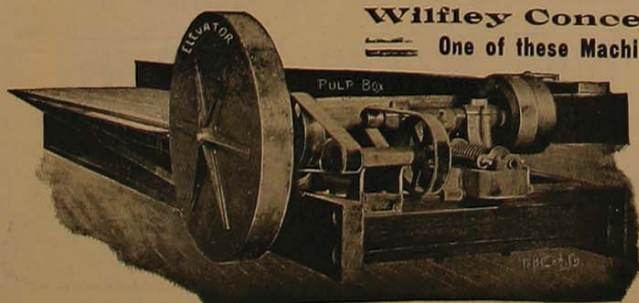
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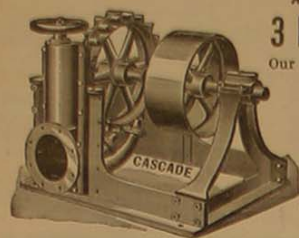


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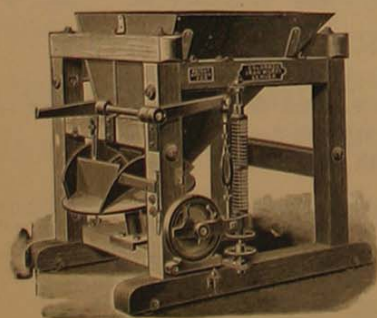
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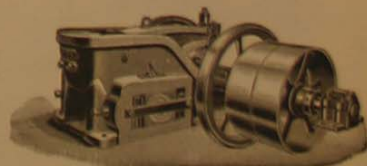
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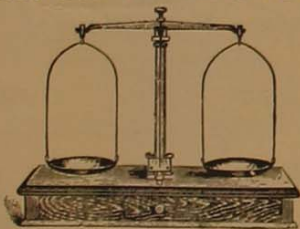
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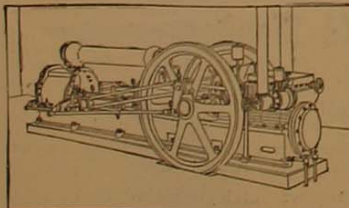


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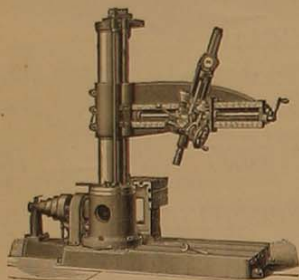
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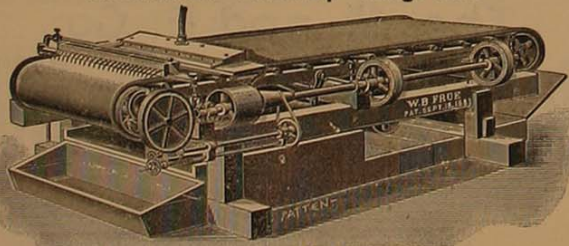
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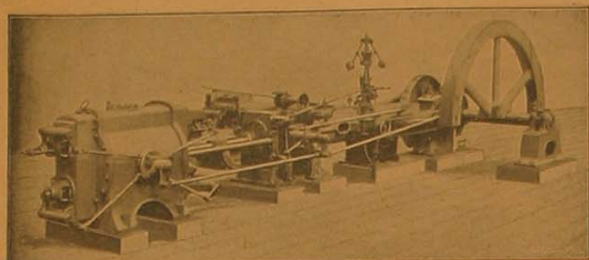
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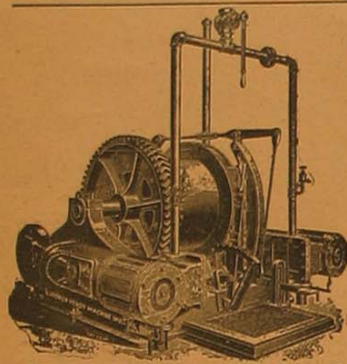
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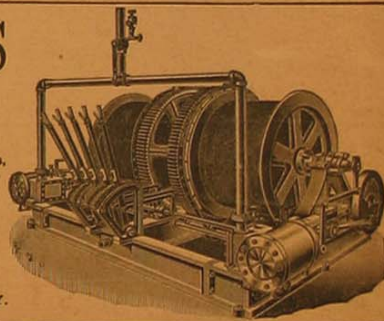
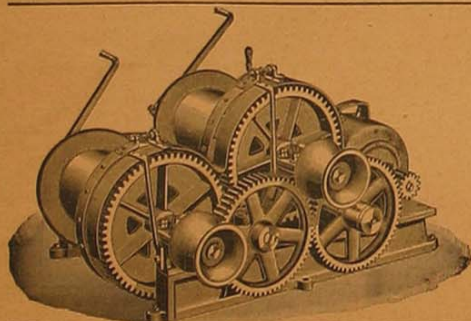
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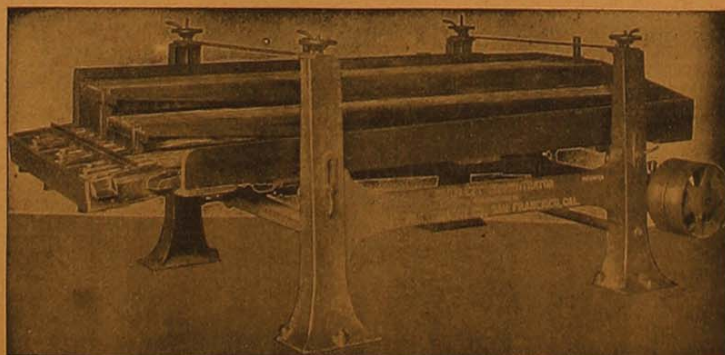
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